SUP'R'TERMINAL

M & R Enterprises Sunnyvale, California



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INTRODUCTION

Welcome to the world of 80-column video display on the APPLE II computer!

What SUP'R'TERMINAL Is

The SUP'R'TERMINAL is an 80-character per line, 24-line per screen peripheral interface "card" (circuit board) used with a separate adaptor board. It requires a video "monitor" instead of a standard or color television set.

What SUP'R'TERMINAL Does

SUP'R'TERMINAL provides an independent video display storage area within the APPLE II. From this display storage area, a video signal is produced and routed to your video display monitor via a separate video cable. When SUP'R'TERMINAL is turned on, normal character output to the standard APPLE II screen is inhibited. The APPLE II graphics are not displayed on the SUP'R'TERMINAL monitor. Graphics features can still be used, but only when two monitors are connected simultaneously. The color signal associated with the graphics feature is considerably reduced.

What Is Expected Of The Reader

This manual is written with the expectation that the user is familiar with the APPLE II power-on sequence, normal keyboard functions, etc. Users who are exploring the APPLE II for the first time should become familiar with the available user's guides:

- "APPLE BASIC PROGRAMMING MANUAL"
- "APPLESOFT BASIC PROGRAMMING REFERENCE MANUAL"
- "DOS 3.2 INSTRUCTIONAL AND REFERENCE MANUAL"
- "APPLE REFERENCE MANUAL"
- "APPLE PASCAL REFERENCE MANUAL"

NOTE

It is not necessary to read ALL of these manuals. They are available for different system configurations and all contain useful general information.

This manual consists of the following sections:

- 1. Installation Guide
- 2. Operator's Guide
- 3. Programmer's Guide
- 4. Sample Program Listings
- 5. Appendices

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SECTION 1 - INSTALLATION GUIDE

What Happens During Installation

One integrated circuit (IC) is removed from its socket in the APPLE II main circuit board ("motherboard"). The IC chip is transferred (inserted) to a SUP'R'TERMINAL adaptor board.

The adaptor board is inserted in the socket from which the IC chip was removed.

The cable leading forward from the adaptor board is plugged into the main SUP'R'TERMINAL circuit card, completing the computer-to-SUP'R'TERMINAL connections.

The new video signal is routed to the video monitor from the video-out jack at the front of the main SUP'R'TERMINAL circuit card.

NOTE

This process requires a tool to remove and insert the IC chip. It is recommended that the

novice *NOT* attempt this installation procedure. We suggest that dealer assistance be obtained for installation.

Parts Required:

- 1. SUP'R'TERMINAL main circuit card.
- 2. Adaptor plug-in board.
- 3. Video cable with connectors (The same kind as used with the APPLE II standard VIDEO OUT.)
- 4. Video monitor with 8+ megahertz bandwidth

Installation Steps

The installation steps described below void the APPLE II warranty.

- 1. TURN OFF THE APPLE II. REMOVE THE POWER CABLE.
- 2. Use an IC puller to remove IC "C2" from its socket in the "motherboard". See Illustration 1. Be careful not to bend the pins. This IC chip will be used in step 3.

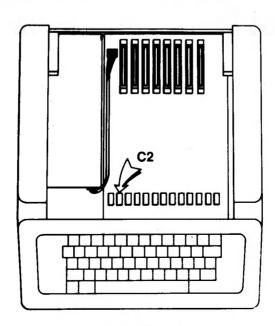


Illustration 1

3. Insert the IC chip into the empty socket of the adaptor board as shown in Illustration 2. Be sure to orient the front of the IC chip (with the half-moon or single dot) to the front of the adaptor board (with the wires). Use special care when inserting the IC chip not to bend the pins. Don't rush this. Most of us don't keep extra IC chips around.

WARNING

If you insert the IC chip backwards in the socket and apply power, the chip will be DESTROYED.

4. Insert the adaptor board pins (wires to the *front* of the computer - See Illustration 3.) into the empty "C2" socket on the "motherboard". Take care to hold the motherboard *firmly* to avoid excessive bending. Firm continuous pressure works best. Suggestion: Four pennies, wrapped once in tape and placed one-eighth inch under the motherboard make the board *extra* secure.

WARNING

Don't slide the pennies in more than one-eighth inch under the edge of the mother board. This could bend protruding leads under the motherboard, causing a short.

WARNING

If you insert the adaptor board backwards and apply power, damage to the Apple II is likely to occur. Be *sure* to orient the cable (4 wires) on the adaptor board towards the front of the computer (towards the keyboard) before installing the adaptor board.

- 5. Connect the cable leading from the adaptor board to the four-pin connector on the SUP'R'TERMINAL main circuit card (see Illustration 4). The black wire *must* be on top.
- 6. Insert the video cable into the SUP'R'TERMINAL's VIDEO-OUT jack. See Illustration 4. Route the cable forward, around the side and out the small vent in the back. Connect the cable to the video monitor.
- 7. Insert the SUP'R'TERMINAL main circuit board into SLOT 3.

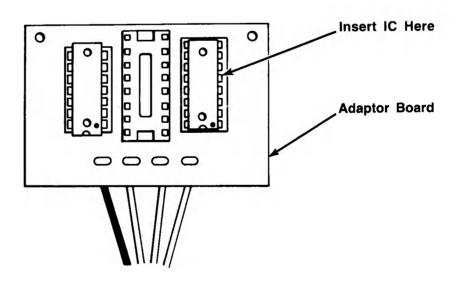


Illustration 2

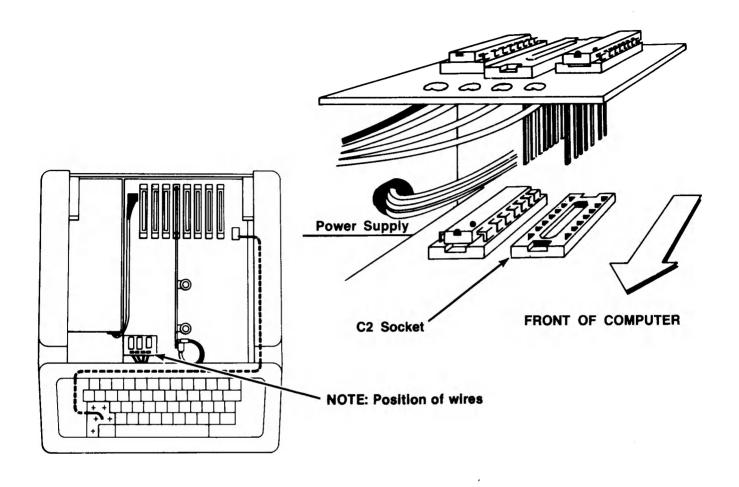


Illustration 3

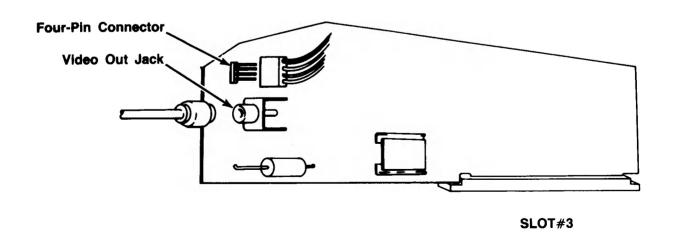


Illustration 4

ADJUSTMENTS

You may adjust the strength of the video signal (brightness) and the sharpness of the character image.

Read the Operator's Guide section on initialization and then, if required, return here to make any adjustments.

Video Signal Strength

Print a set of characters on the screen. Include both normal and inverse characters. Adjust the Video Strength Wheel until both kinds of character display are legible and comfortable for your eyes.

Video Signal Balance (Image Sharpness)

The horizontal bars on each character provide the image sharpness. Use the balance adjustment wheel to adjust for the sharpest possible character on your monitor (See Illustration 6).

This completes the installation process. The installed system will have no effect on APPLE II operation until intialized (this is automatic on PASCAL systems).

Optional SHIFT-Key Modification

NOTE

The hardware modification described below permanently voids the APPLE II warranty. It is HIGHLY recommended that only a qualified technician perform this procedure.

This modification permits the shift key to perform the actual upper case function normally associated with that key.

To make the modification: (see dotted line in Illustration 5)

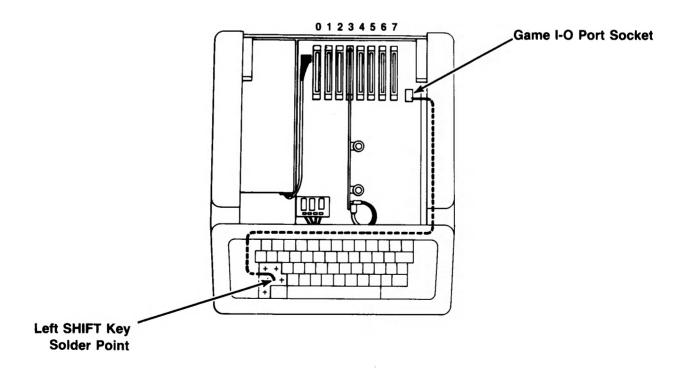


Illustration 5

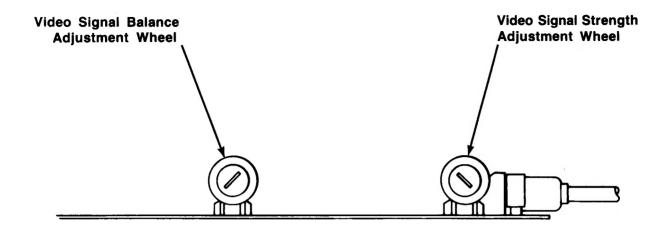


Illustration 6

- 1. Remove the left SHIFT key cap (and other key caps as necessary).
- 2. Insert a long (3 feet) wire through the opening to the left and route the wire to the 16-pin game I-O port area.
- 3. Strip the end of the wire near the SHIFT key and "tin" the end.
- 4. Locate the P. C. board feed-through pad directly to the right of the SHIFT key. Tin this pad.
- 5. Solder the wire to the tinned pad. Take care to avoid touching the plastic.

- 6. Neatly route the wire to the GAME I-O port.
- 7. Replace the key caps.
- 8. Remove excess wire, strip the end and insert the end in SW2 (pin 4) of the 16-pin GAME I-O port.

While this procedure is not directly involved with the operation of SUP'R'TERMINAL, the software to handle this modification has been included in the program ROM. See Section 2, under SHIFT KEY for directions on how to use the feature.

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SECTION 2 - OPERATOR'S GUIDE

The operation of the APPLE II with the SUP'R'TERMINAL is, in most ways, unchanged. Few general program alterations are required.

These statements initialize SUP'R'TERMINAL. Any other HELLO program statements may be executed in their normal sequence.

Initialization

The SUP'R'TERMINAL card needs to be initialized in order for the hardware to produce the video image. There are two kinds of initializations, "cold start" and "warm start". Each consists of the identical procedure but produces different results.

COLD START

A cold start is performed only the first time SUP'R'TERMINAL is initialized after power up (or when forced by a CTRL-TR). A character set is transferred from the EPROM to the character storage RAM. The screen is blanked and the cursor displayed at top left.

WARM START

A warm start turns SUP'R'TERMINAL on, leaving the cursor at position 0 on the next line position. The next character set is not disturbed. The screen is not cleared.

FROM INTEGER & APPLESOFT

To initialize SUP'R'TERMINAL from either BASIC, type:

PR#3 RETURN

This activates the board and screen RAM and, if a cold start, "downloads" a character font from the program EPROM to the character RAM area.

Disk System HELLO Program

To simplify the process, enter the following statements for either BASIC and make it part of each diskette's HELLO program.

10 D\$="":REM CTRL-D

20 PRINT D\$;"PR #3"

30 END

Cassette System Initialization

Systems operating without the DISK II may also use SUP'R'TERMINAL. With a cassette-based system, just type "PR#3" at initialization.

FROM PASCAL SYSTEMS

Place any bootable PASCAL diskette in the drive and turn on power. SUP'R'TERMINAL comes up initialized and running.

PASCAL Notes:

Everything in the PASCAL system works exactly as it does in BASIC except, as noted above, the ESCAPE commands are not valid in the PASCAL system.

All default PASCAL control characters work. The shift key mod, toggled by CTRL-V, also works.

80 COLUMNS

One minor change can be made to take full advantage of SUP'R'TERMINAL capabilities. The "SETUP" program on the "APPLE 3" diskette can be used to change "screen width" from 79 to 80 characters. This will cause a full prompt line to be displayed.

Horizontal scrolling and screen switching are no longer needed so they are not implemented.

PASCAL COMMANDS

CTRL-T commands must be printed; just typing them has no effect. This can be achieved from the FILER by transferring keyboard: to screen:

CTRL-A and CTRL-V work all the time.

Reset Recovery Procedure

If you happen to press RESET, SUP'R'TERMINAL will be temporarily disconnected. This leaves the screen exactly as it was but keystrokes APPEAR to have no effect (unless you have a separate TV displaying the standard APPLE II VIDEO OUT). The video display may waver somewhat following a RESET. This is normal.

To recover from the accidental RESET:

STANDARD ROM SYSTEMS:

(RESET leaves you in Monitor Mode.)

TYPE: 3D0G RETURN - Goes to BASIC TYPE: PR#3 RETURN - Performs a warm start

AUTOSTART ROM SYSTEMS:

RESET leaves you in basic

TYPE: PR#3 RETURN - Performs a warm start

Initialized Character Mode

Since all BASIC and Disk Operating System commands must be in upper case, initialization sets the character mode to upper case only. Note that this affects alphabetic characters only. Number keys always print numbers unless the SHIFT key is pressed.

SUP'R'TERMINAL Functions

Once your SUP'R'TERMINAL board is operating, APPLE BASIC and PASCAL control keys perform standard functions as described in the respective manuals.

ESCAPE COMMANDS

The ESCAPE Key functions that work in BASIC or when in the monitor (but which do NOT work with PASCAL systems) are briefly listed here.

ESCAPE Commands

ESC @ Clear screen (HOME cursor)

ESC A Non-copy forward space

ESC B Cursor back

ESC C Cursor down

ESC D Cursor up

ESC E Clear to end of line

ESC F Clear to end of screen

ESC I cursor up - locks cursor-move mode

ESC J cursor left - locks cursor-move mode

ESC M cursor down - locks cursor-move mode

ESC K cursor right - locks cursor-move mode

The four keys (I, J, K, M) form a diamond which points in the direction of the cursor movement. Once any of the four ESC key combinations have been used, all four of the keys in the diamond assume cursor movement control functions. No further use of the ESC key is required until the cursor-move mode is released. To release the cursor-move mode, press any other key. It will not print. This feature is exactly the same as described in the manuals for the Autostart ROM and APPLE II PLUS systems as well as the new "APPLE II REFERENCE MANUAL".

ESC Q -- Clears the screen, cancels SUP'R'TERMINAL operation and enables standard APPLE 40 column video and color output.

Control Key Commands

Case-Mode Change

Initially the character case-mode is set to upper case so all commands will work normally. To display lower case letters type:

CTRL-A

This sets the character mode to lower case. To get single upper case letters from the lower case mode, press CTRL-A once, followed by the character to be capitalized. The next character you type will be capitalized. The character mode immediately returns to lower case. To get in to the upper case mode again type:

CTRL-A CTRL-A

(This can be done by holding down the CTRL key while pressing the "A" key twice.)

Stoplist:CTRL-S

CTRL-S halts temporarily, anything being printed out. Any key starts the printing again. This feature differs from the autostart ROM in that it takes effect at any time rather than just after carriage returns.

SHIFT-Key Modification

CTRL-V

CTRL-V is a "switch" command for use by those who have had the optional SHIFT key modification done (described in Section 1). The first use switches the feature on, the next use switches it off, etc.

This modification allows the SHIFT key to perform its normal function of upper and lower case. The SHIFT key will function to provide upper case. To disable the feature or have access to the <@] ^> characters, just repeat the command.

Left-Bracket "[": CTRL-K

CTRL-K prints the left bracket character. This means that no other function can be assigned to the CTRL-K key.

Cursor Column-Tab: CTRL-I

CTRL-I advances the cursor to the next multiple-of-8 column position, which is very useful for creating tables.

HOME: CTRL-L(ASCII FORMFEED)

positions the cursor to the top left position. It replaces the Applesoft "HOME" and Integer CALL -936 commands. The ESC SHIFT-P also provides the same function but only from the keyboard (on input).

NOTE

If CTRL-L is directly followed by a RETURN, a SYNTAX ERROR message will occur. To prevent this, always type CTRL-X after an immediate-mode CTRL-L. Also, an accidental CTRL-L in the middle of a program will clear the screen of any display. This function cannot be disabled.

GOTO XY: CTRL-^

CTRL-(SHIFT-N) Prepares SUP'R'TERMINAL to interpret the next two characters keyed as the absolute horizontal (x) and vertical (y) position of the cursor.

This is done by interpreting the ASCII (numeric) value of the key pressed. Normally this is done only under program control and program use is covered in Section 3.

It can also be used to replace the "immediate mode" VTAB function which does not work with SUP'R'TERMINAL. The sequence to get to any line at horizontal position zero is:

VTAB TABLE

CMND	K 1	K2	C POS.
CTRL SHIFT-N	Space	sp.	LINE 0
CTRL SHIFT-N	Space	!	LINE 1
CTRL SHIFT-N	Space	66	LINE 2
CTRL SHIFT-N	Space	#	LINE 3
CTRL SHIFT-N	Space	\$	LINE 4
CTRL SHIFT-N	Space	%	LINE 5
CTRL SHIFT-N	Space	&	LINE 6
CTRL SHIFT-N	Space	,	LINE 7
CTRL SHIFT-N	Space	(LINE 8
CTRL SHIFT-N	Space)	LINE 9
CTRL SHIFT-N	Space	*	LINE 10
CTRL SHIFT-N	Space	+	LINE 11
CTRL SHIFT-N	Space	,	LINE 12
CTRL SHIFT-N	Space	Δ,	LINE 13
CTRL SHIFT-N	Space		LINE 14
CTRL SHIFT-N	Space	1	LINE 15
CTRL SHIFT-N	Space	0	LINE 16
CTRL SHIFT-N	Space	1	LINE 17
CTRL SHIFT-N	Space	2	LINE 18
CTRL SHIFT-N	Space	3	LINE 19
CTRL SHIFT-N	Space	4	LINE 20
CTRL SHIFT-N	Space	5	LINE 21
CTRL SHIFT-N	Space	6	LINE 22
CTRL SHIFT-N	Space	7	LINE 23

To move the cursor to an extended horizontal position, just change the KEY1 "space" character in the VTAB table above to a character higher up in the ASCII table. Use the table of ASCII values in Appendix A to learn which key(s) will move the cursor to the position you want. Experiment and see the effects you get.

Cursor Size and Flash Rate

You can control the cursor in ways not previously possible with the APPLE II 40-character screen. You may select from two cursor flash rates, two cursor sizes, a no-flash mode and a no-cursor mode.

To alter the cursor display:

Press CTRL-TC n (n = 0 - 6)

COMMAND	KEY	RESULT
CTRL-TC CTRL-TC	0	underline flashes 4 per sec. box flashes 4 per sec.
CTRL-TC	2	underline no flash.
CTRL-TC	3	box no flash.
CTRL-TC	4	underline flashes 2 per sec.
CTRL-TC	5	box flashes 2 per sec.
CTRL-TC	6	no cursor

ALTERING SCREEN DISPLAY "WINDOW"

The APPLE standard video display can be manipulated so that you control the amount of screen area being used for output. This is ordinarily done with "POKEs" to special locations. This feature is provided with SUP'R'TERMINAL using a special CTRL-KEY sequence.

(If you have trouble with this concept, enter and run the sample program "WINDOW MAKER" provided in the Section 4.)

The video display window is altered with the commands shown below:

CTRL-TT n - WINDOW TOP	(n	=	0	-	23)
CTRL-TB n - WINDOW BOTTOM	(n	=	1	-	24)
CTRL-TL n - WINDOW LEFT	(n	=	0	-	79)
CTRL-TW n - WINDOW WIDTH	(n	=	1	-	80)

NOTE

WINDOW LEFT + WIDTH MUST BE less than or equal to 80. When the window TOP is raised (moving the top of the window DOWN the screen), the window BOTTOM lower limit raises accordingly (the bottom may not be higher than the top). Also, when the window LEFT number increases, the maximum window WIDTH goes down accordingly.

CHARACTER DISPLAY

The normal character display will be white characters on a black background. SUP'R'TERMINAL provides for inverse but not flashing characters.

To get inverse characters:

From Integer BASIC: (> prompt)

For INVERSE display: POKE 50,63 RETURN For NORMAL display: POKE 50,255 RETURN

From Applesoft BASIC: () prompt)
For INVERSE display: INVERSE RETURN
FOR NORMAL DISPLAY: NORMAL RETURN

USER-DEFINED CHARACTER SETS

You may define and store different character fonts of your own design. The character font format is described in Section 3. Once a font is defined and saved to diskette, you simply load the character font from the diskette to the proper location, described below.

The character set being displayed at any time is stored in RAM locations on the SUP'R'TERMINAL main circuit board. To change fonts, the contents of this RAM area must be replaced with the new font data.

LOADING A CHARACTER SET

One character font resides on the SUP'R'TERMINAL program ROM. It is automatically loaded into the character RAM during cold-start initialization.

Once you have acquired additional fonts, and stored them on diskette(s), use one of the following procedures to load any font:

1. From Diskette to SUP'R'TERMINAL Character RAM

Type the following:

- ESC-Q RETURN (Turns SUP'R'TERMINAL OFF)
- POKE -16202,0 (C0B6)(Toggles master off/on switch for RAM banks)
- POKE -12287,0 RETURN (\$cfff) (Turns all memory banks off)
- POKE -16206,0 RETURN (\$C0B2) (Turns on the Character RAM bank)
- BLOAD anyfilename, A\$C800 RETURN
- PR#3 RETURN(Performs warm start)
- 2. From Diskette to "Staging" Memory

The second method of loading character fonts is to pre-load them into alternate APPLE II RAM locations and load to the display area using special move commands described below. This area may be thought of as a "staging" area of memory. This method has the advantage of allowing much quicker font loading under software control.

Fonts loaded into the staging area must be of a special "compressed" format described in Section 3. Up to 10 fonts may be held in this staging area at one time. Each font may be loaded into the Character RAM area with only a few keystrokes.

To load the font into active use, type:

CTRL-TF n - Where n is a number key from 0 to 9.

The character keys in the ASCII table (Appendix A) from a "space" (160=0) to "*" (170=9) will also work.

The font is moved (from the addresses in the table below) into the active character set RAM. The font is translated during the move and the new font is immediately active.

These are the staging storage locations:

FONT	HEX	DEC.	CMND
0 -	\$1000	4096	CTRL-TF 0
1 -	\$1400	5120	CTRL-TF 1
2 -	\$1800	6144	CTRL-TF 2
3 -	\$1C00	7168	CTRL-TF 3
4 -	\$2000	8192	CTRL-TF 4
5 -	\$2400	9216	CTRL-TF 5
6 -	\$2800	10240	CTRL-TF 6
7 -	\$2C00	11264	CTRL-TF 7
8 -	\$3000	12288	CTRL-TF 8
9 -	\$3400	13312	CTRL-TF 9

To load any compressed character set to any of the locations, type:

BLOAD anyfilename, Adecimal address or

BLOAD anyfilename, A\$hex address

NOTE

LOMEM (a BASIC command which "tells" BASIC where to store program statements or variables) should be set so as to avoid character set interference. If interference does occur, it will garble the character display on the monitor. To recover, just BLOAD the font again and type "CTRL-TF n" again. If the program has not accounted for this problem, it may reoccur.

Control Character Function Table KEYS FUNCTION

CTRL-	Α	Upper and lower case
,,	_	switch
	В	Unassigned
,,	C	Stops BASIC programs
, ,	D	Disk Operating System
,,	-	flag
	E	Unassigned
,,	F	Unassigned
,,	G	BELL
,,	H	Backspace
,,	I	Cursor column tab (next
		multiple-of-8 column)
,,	J	Line Feed
,,	K	Left bracket "["
,,	L	Form Feed (HOME and
	L	clear)
,,	M	RETURN
,,	N	Unassigned
,,	O	Unassigned
,,	P	Unassigned
,,	Q	Unassigned
,,	Ř	Unassigned
,,	S	Stoplist
,,	T .	
,,		Special function flag
	TCn	Alters cursor shape or flash rate
,,	TFchar	Load compressed charac-
		ter font
,,	TR	SUP'R'TERMINAL
	IIX	cold-start RESET
,,	TTchar	Sets screen window TOP
,,	TBchar	Sets screen window
	1 Dellai	BOTTOM
,,	TI abou	
	TLchar	Sets screen window
,,	CTX X 7 1	LEFT
	TWch	Sets screen window
,,		WIDTH
	U	Forward space (copy)
,,	V	Switches SHIFT-key
	200	modification ON or OFF
,,	\mathbf{W}	Unassigned
,,	X	Cancels input line
,,	\mathbf{Y}	HOME cursor (does
		NOT clear screen)

Clear current line

Z

SECTION 3 - PROGRAMMER'S GUIDE

For the most part you may program with SUP'R'TERMINAL without paying special attention to its features. Only those areas dealing with screen formatting are affected.

There are three main areas of SUP'R'TERMINAL to understand in order do applications programming.

1. PROGRAM Modifications

Program commands which are no longer effective and the commands or sequences to replace them with.

2. SUP'R'TERMINAL MEMORY MAP

Memory areas on the main circuit board including:

- a) Character RAM
- b) Screen RAM
- c) Program EPROM
- d) Cursor Control Registers

3. CHARACTER SETS

- a) Format
- b) Compression
- c) Storage & retrieval

These subjects are covered in detail below.

1. Program Modifications

Command Replacement

The commands which need to be replaced in any program are those which make use of APPLE II monitor routines which specifically reference addresses in the range (hex \$400 to \$7FF). Since SUP'R'TERMINAL provides an entirely separate video display area, these commands do not work properly and must be replaced.

INTEGER BASIC	APPLESOFT BASIC
CALL -936	НОМЕ
VTAB	VTAB
TAB	HTAB
	TAB
","	","

CALL -936 or HOME

The replacement command to blank the video screen and leave the cursor in the upper left corner of the screen is:

FROM THE KEYBOARD - CTRL-L

NOTE

This command causes a SYNTAX ERROR message unless followed by a CTRL-X or Backspace.

The standard alternative to this, ESC-@ also works in the immediate mode.

FROM PROGRAMS - PRINT CHR\$(140)

TAB or HTAB

The BASIC commands TAB, and HTAB, used with VTAB, normally allow the programmer or operator to direct the cursor to a specific location.

The TAB command still works in the normal fashion up to column 40. Thereafter use:

POKE 36.X

Where X is a number greater than the current cursor position and less than or equal to 80.

Notice that this means that tabbing backward will not work. In any situation where the programmer does not know the present cursor position, forcefully return the cursor to the horizontal zero position before tabbing to the destination location.

VTAB

VTAB no longer works. To replace VTAB and TAB-VTAB combinations, SUP'R'TERMINAL provides a command sequence to position the cursor to any screen location. To direct the cursor to any absolute position (N):

PRINT CTRL-SHIFT-N HORIZ. VERT.
or
PRINT CHR\$(158); CHR\$(N+32); CHR\$(N+32)

The CTRL-SHIFT-N prepares SUP'R'TERMINAL to interpret the ASCII value of the next two characters received or transmitted. The ASCII for a "space" (160) marks the zero point.

NOTE

An INTEGER BASIC routine to perform the CHR\$ function is used in the programs in section 4. (GOTO XY - Lines 2025 - 2040).

"CTRL- space space" sends the cursor to horizontal position 0, line 0.

"CTRL- space !"

sends the cursor to horizontal position 1, line 1.

Below are further examples:

COMMAND POSITION

CTRL-^	(170) (160)	pos. 10, line 0.
,,	(190) (161)	30, line 1.
,,	(200) (162)	40, line 2.
,,	(210) (163)	50, line 3.
,,	(220) (164)	60, line 4.
,,	(230) (165)	70, line 5.
,,	(240) (166)	80, line 6.

TAB & "COMMA"

The Applesoft TAB function (equivalent to the CTRL-I function provided with SUP'R'TERMINAL) is correctly translated. The cursor is advanced to the next multiple-of-8 column position.

The PRINT COMMAND "," function of both INTEGER and APPLESOFT languages are correctly interpreted for the respective languages. The TAB will operate correctly to the 80-column maximum rather than the standard 40-column.

2. SUP'R'TERMINAL Memory Map

SUP'R'TERMINAL memory is divided into three "banks", all of which begin at the same base address (\$C800). In order to access one of these memory banks, all banks must first be switched off. Any Read (PEEK) or Write (POKE) in the area of \$CFE0 to \$CFFF will turn all three banks OFF. Once all banks are turned off, the appropriate bank may be turned on.

The screen and character RAM banks are not accessible from the keyboard while using SUP'R'TERMINAL. You must revert to the normal Apple mode by typing ESC-Q RETURN. (You must now view what you type on the normal Apple monitor, connected to the standard Apple video out jack.) The address \$C0B6 (-16202) is a master toggle switch which allows access to the three RAM banks. Read or Write \$C0B6 from the monitor or BASIC (-16202) to toggle this switch on (the video signal stabilizes when this is done). The ESC-Q RETURN sequence always sets this switch to the off state. Always follow the \$C0B6 (-16202) read or write with a read or write to \$CFFF (-16289). This turns off all RAM banks.

This sequence is not required when access is done under program control. For safety, however, always read \$CFFF before selecting any RAM bank. The

MEMORY areas are mapped as follows:

CHARACTER RAM

\$C800 to \$CBFF

Read or Write \$CFFF (-12289) - Switches out all banks

Read or Write \$C0B2 (-16206) - Switches in Character RAM bank

NOTE

This is "WRITE-ONLY" RAM. Character sets may be written into this area but may NOT be read back.

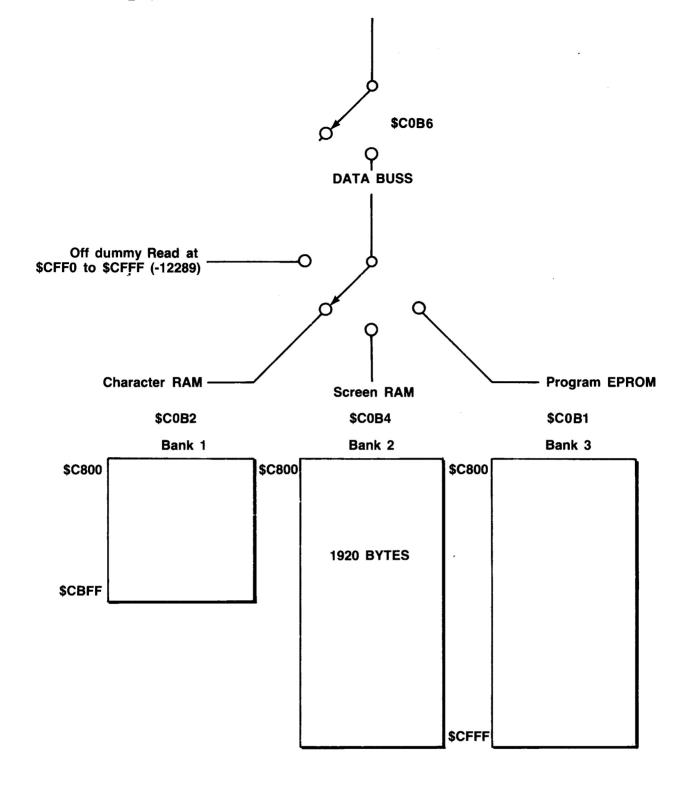
SCREEN RAM

\$C800 TO \$CF7F

Read or Write \$CFFF (-12289) - Switches out all banks
Read or Write \$C0B4 (-16204) - Switches in Screen RAM bank
Directly store to \$C800 to \$CFDF (-14336 to -12352)

The bytes from \$CF80 to \$CFDF are available to the users. The user is cautioned, however, that *many* of these bytes are used by the controlling firmware. Experiment before committing code or data to any of these locations.

The RAM dedicated to the screen image is **linearly** mapped (i. e. characters stored to sequential Screen RAM locations will appear on the screen in the proper visual sequence). See the program "SCREEN POKER" in Section 4 for an example.



PROGRAM EPROM

\$C800 TO \$CFFF

Read or Write \$CFFF (-12289)
Read or Write \$C3XX will enable ROM
Read or Execute code in range \$C800 - CFDF (-14336 to -12352)

The accompanying diagram shows the memory "map" of SUP'R'TERMINAL.

Cursor Control

CURSOR CONTROL REGISTERS

The cursor may be directly manipulated under program control.

Four registers are used to control screen character-print location, the absolute character position and the condition of the cursor.

In order to access a register, store the register to be accessed in \$C0B8 (-16200). Then store the new contents of the register in \$C0B9 (-16199).

The following registers are accessible:

REGISTER \$0A (10) - Starting "RASTER" scan line for any character

BITS: 2-0 control start line number of 8-line character

BITS: 4 and 3 are not decoded BITS: 6-5 are decoded as follows:

0 0 - no blink 0 1 - no cursor

1 0 - 4 blinks per second 1 1 - 2 blinks per second

REGISTER \$0B (11) - Ending raster scan line for any character (always 7).

REGISTER \$0E (14) - Cursor position high byte **REGISTER \$0F** (15)- Cursor position low byte

Registers 14 and 15 form a two-byte number which assigns the cursor position relative to address \$C800 (-14336) - which is line zero, horizontal position zero. The "GOTO XY" command already described performs the function of updating this register.

The contents of the registers may NOT be read back. The IC chip programmed is a 6845. For more information, consult a specification sheet for that IC chip.

CURSOR DISPLAY MODE

The CTRL-TC commands provide easy cursor-mode control:

CTRL-TC 0 - An underline flashing 4 times a second.

CTRL-TC 1 - A box flashing 4 times a second.

CTRL-TC 2 - An underline with no flash.

CTRL-TC 3 - A box with no flash.

CTRL-TC 4 - An underline flashing 2 times a second.

CTRL-TC 5 - A box flashing 4 times a second.

CTRL-TC 6 - No cursor is displayed.

3. Character Sets

FORMAT

Character sets are made up of 128 (0-127) 8-byte groups. Each 8-byte group is a "bit-map" which is interpreted by the SUP'R'TERMINAL hardware into signals representing a character.

The character format is 5 by 8. Bits 0-4 of each byte form the basis of the character. Bit 5, when set to 1, causes inverse display. Bits 6 and 7 are not decoded.

CREATING A CHARACTER

To create the character "A" in the normal (white on black) mode:

BITS:	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
BYTE 0 -	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	
BYTE 1 -	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	
BYTE 2 -	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	
BYTE 3 -	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	
BYTE 4 -	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	
BYTE 5 -	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	
BYTE 6 -	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	
BYTE 7 -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Integer BASIC "POKE 50,63 or 255" and Applesoft INVERSE and NORMAL commands work in the standard manner. FLASH does not work since SUP'R'TERMINAL does not provide that feature.

In the inverse mode the same character format is used but bit 5 is also set or reset by the INVERSE or NORMAL command. All "1s" are interpreted as black, all "0s" as white. It is possible to think of an extra bit 5, just to the right of bit 0, appearing when bit 5 is set. This extra bit fills the gap between letters:

BITS:	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	5	
BYTE 0 -	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	
BYTE 1 -	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	
BYTE 2 -	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	
BYTE 3 -	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	
BYTE 4 -	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	
BYTE 5 -	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	
BYTE 6 -	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	
BYTE 7 -	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	

In the example above, the character would appear as inverse (black on a white background).

NOTE

The inverse mode is interpreted only for the alpha characters. All numbers, symbols and the space character appear in the normal mode only.

CHARACTER SET COMPRESSION

Character sets may be converted into a compressed mode. This compressed mode saves disk space and allows the programmer or user to quickly change display fonts. Loading may be done in the middle of a program under program control. With a little more difficulty, it may also be performed in the immediate mode from the keyboard.

Compression Technique

Each byte in a character definition is compared with the byte which follows. If a byte is found to be identical, a count is started. When the first different byte is encountered the count is encoded into the top three bits (5-7) as a binary count. This is, in effect, a pattern repetition count. Thus the letter "A" can be compressed as follows:

BITS:	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0
BYTE 0 -	0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 - 0 repetitions.
BYTE 1 -	0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 - 0 repetitions
BYTE 2 -	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 - initiate count
BYTE 3 -	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 - 1 repetition
BYTE 4 -	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 - 0 repetitions
BYTE 5 -	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 - initiate count
BYTE 6 -	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 - 1 repetition
BYTE 7 -	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 - 0 repetitions

Thus the 8-byte letter "A" can be stored as the following six bytes:

	countcharacter
BITS:	7 6 54 3 2 1 0
BYTE 1 -	0 0 00 0 1 0 0
BYTE 2 -	0 0 00 1 0 1 0
BYTE 3 -	$0 \ 0 \ 1 - 1 \ 0 \ 0 \ 1 - repetition count = 1$
BYTE 4 -	0 0 01 1 1 1 1
BYTE 5 -	$0 \ 0 \ 1 - 1 \ 0 \ 0 \ 1 - repetition count = 1$
BYTE 6 -	0 0 00 0 0 0 0

Thus The "space" character can be compressed to the single byte "E0".

For a program which compresses full fonts into the compressed mode, see FONT COMPRESSOR in Section 4.

CHARACTER SET STORAGE

Characters are stored sequentially from \$C800 to \$CBFF. Thus:

```
ASCII 0 - $C800-$C807 (-14336 to -14329)
" 1 - $C808-$C80F (-14328 to -14321)
"
128 - $CBF8-$CBFF (-12359 to -12351)
```

Compressed Character Set Storage

Compressed character fonts may not be directly loaded into the Character RAM bank. They must be loaded into one of 10 staging areas and subsequently loaded into Character RAM via the CTRL-TF routines.

The character set and storage areas are:

FONT	BASE ADDRESS
0	\$1000
1	\$1400
2	\$1800
3	\$1C00
4	\$2000
5	\$2400
6	\$2800
7	\$2C00
8	\$3000
9	\$3400

For easiest loading into the staging area, first move the compressed set into the area in which it will normally be staged (i. e. font 3 in \$1C00, font 7 in \$2C00, etc.)

Next, BSAVE the font from its intended location:

BSAVE FONT2,A\$1800,L(number of bytes) BSAVE FONT7,A\$2C00,L(number of bytes)

Remember that the number of bytes in a compressed font is variable, depending on how many pattern repetitions there are.

Loading Fonts to Staging Area

If you have used the font-saving method described above, loading compressed character sets into a staging area will be done by typing:

BLOAD FONTO BLOAD FONTO BLOAD FONTO

But, if a font is to be loaded to a non-standard area then type:

BLOAD FONT0,A\$2400 - Loads FONT0 to storage location for FONT5

BLOAD FONT7,A\$1000 - Loads FONT7 to storage location for FONT0

Transferring Compressed Fonts Into Character RAM

This will usually be done by program command:

PRINT CHR\$(148);"F";CHR\$(160-) - FONT n or

PRINT CHR\$("CTRL-T");"F";CHR\$(167) - FONT

From the keyboard:

CTRL-TF "0" - FONT 0

CTRL-TF "1" - FONT 1 CTRL-TF "2" - FONT 2

CTRL-TF "3" - FONT 3

CTRL-TF "9" - FONT 9

The key sequences above will transfer a compressed font from its staging area in the APPLE memory, into the SUP'R'TERMINAL Character RAM storage area. The compressed font is expanded to its full pattern during the transfer process. It immediately changes the displayed font.

LOADING AN UNCOMPRESSED FONT

It is also possible to load a non-compressed font directly into Character RAM.

Under Program Control

(SUP'R'TERMINAL must already have been initialized.)

- 1. Read or Write \$CFFF (-12209) Switches out all banks
- 2. Read or Write COB2 (-16206) Switches in Character RAM
- 3. BLOAD CHARSET.A\$C800

Remember that the character set must be in the non-compressed mode in order for this to work.

Direct From the Keyboard

From the keyboard, the method to use is slightly more complex. You must turn SUP'R'TERMINAL off.

- 1. Press ESC-Q RETURN to exit SUP'R'TERMINAL mode. This means you must have a separate TV monitor attached to the APPLE II standard VIDEO OUT jack or be able to perform this routine without seeing the characters.
- Read or Write \$C0B6 (-16202)(toggles master RAM switch on) 3. Read or Write \$CFFF (-12287) RAM off
- 4. Read or Write \$C0B2 (-16206) Char RAM on
- 5. BLOAD charsetname, A\$C800
- 6. PR#3 turns SUP'R'TERMINAL on

SECTION 4 - SAMPLE PROGRAMS

WINDOW MAKER

```
O REM INTEGER VERSION: WINDOW MAKER
 1 REM WRITTEN BY MORGAN P. CAFFREY
 2 REM SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA
 3 REM JANUARY 23, 1980 (V. 2)
 5 X$="X": REM REQUIRED TO ESTABLISH A "CHR$" ROUTINE
 6 CHR=2053: REM LOCATION OF VALUE OF X$
                                                DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM
                                                                                 " PRINT
 40 POKE CHR, 140: PRINT X$: PRINT "
 41 PRINT "THIS PROGRAM ALLOWS YOU TO SET YOUR OWN VIDEO SCREEN LIMITS AND SEE THE RESULTS": PRINT : PRINT
 49 REM DEFINE VARIABLES AND ARRAYS
 50 DIM A(4): FOR I=1 TO 4:A(1)=0: NEXT I
 60 DIM B(4):B(1)=23:B(2)=23:B(3)=79:B(4)=79
 70 DIM C(4): FOR I=1 TO 4:C(I)=0: NEXT I
 80 DIM C$ (4): C$="TBLW"
 85 BASE=160: REM EQUALS "1" AFTER A CTRL-T T HAS BEEN ENTERED OR PRINTED
 86 MAX=BASE+80: REM MAX POSSIBLE WINDOW WIDTH
 87 CTRLL=140: CTRLT=148
 90 DIM D$ (255): REM STRING TO PRINT FOR DEMONSTRATION
100 REM FIND OUT WHERE TO PUT THE PRINT OUTPUT
110 INPUT "WINDOW TOP (RANGE 0 - 23) ", A(1): IF A(1) <= B(1) AND A(1) >= 0 THEN 120: PRINT "OUTSIDE THE RANGE - TRY
AGAIN": GOTO 110
120 PRINT "WINDOW BOTTOM (RANGE "; A(1); " - 23) ";: INPUT A(2): IF A(2)>=A(1) AND A(2)<=B(2) THEN 125: PRINT
"OOPS - TRY AGAIN": GOTO 120
125 PRINT
130 INPUT "WINDOW LEFT MARGIN (RANGE 0 - 79) ", A(3): IF A(3) <= B(3) AND A(3) >= 0 THEN 140: PRINT "OUTSIDE OF
RANGE - TRY AGAIN": GOTO 130
140 PRINT "WINDOW WIDTH (RANGE 1 - "; 79-A(3);") ";: INPUT A(4): IF A(4)>=1 AND A(4)<=79-A(3) THEN 150: PRINT "
RANGE ERROR": GOTO 140
150 REM
160 PRINT : PRINT : PRINT " WHAT IS TO BE PRINTED IN THE WINDOW? ": PRINT "PRESS RETURN TO GET A STANDARD SAMPLE
DISPLAY": INPUT D$
170 IF D$="" THEN D$="ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZabcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz"
180 INPUT "HOW MANY REPETITIONS", Z: IF Z>255 THEN Z=255
200 REM COMPUTE NEW WINDOW VALUES
210 FOR I=1 TO 4
220 C(I) =BASE+A(I)
230 NEXT I
300 REM SET WINDOW
305 POKE CHR, CTRLT: PRINT X$; "R": REM RESET ALL
310 FOR I=1 TO 4
320 POKE CHR, CTRLT: PRINT X$; C$(I, I); POKE CHR, C(I): PRINT X$: PRINT: PRINT
330 NEXT I
335 PRINT : PRINT
400 REM NOW PRINT IT
410 FOR I=1 TO 25: PRINT D$;: NEXT I: PRINT: PRINT
415 INPUT "PRESS RETURN TO CONTINUE", E$
420 REM NOW RESTORE TO NORMAL
450 POKE CHR, CTRLT: PRINT X$; "R": PRINT
460 INPUT "ANOTHER? (Y/N) ", E$: IF E$="Y" THEN 100
500 REM RESTORE EVERYTHING AND END
510 POKE CHR, CTRLT
520 PRINT X$; "T"; : POKE CHR, BASE: PRINT X$: PRINT : POKE CHR, CTRLT
530 PRINT X$; "B"; : POKE CHR, BASE+23: PRINT X$: PRINT : POKE CHR, CTRLT
540 PRINT X$; "L"; : POKE CHR, BASE: PRINT X$: PRINT : POKE CHR, CTRLT
550 PRINT X$; "W"; : POKE CHR, MAX: PRINT X$: PRINT : POKE CHR, CTRLT
```

600 PRINT X\$; "R": PRINT : PRINT "BYE! ": END

SCREEN "POKER" DEMONSTRATION

```
0 GOTO 1000
 1 REM ROUTINE TO POKE CHARACTERS TO INDIVIDUAL SCREEN LOCATIONS
 3 REM GO TO INDIVIDUAL LOCATIONS, REMOVE LINES 23,24,50,55 AND MAKE (55 GOTO 10)
 5 A=0
 8 BASE=-14336: LAST=-14335: A=0
 10 POKE CHR, CTRLL: PRINT X$: PRINT
  15 INPUT "CHARACTER YOU WOULD LIKE TO SEE? ". A$
 23 FOR LINE=0 TO 23
 24 FOR POS=1 TO 80
 25 POKE -12287, 0: REM BANK SELECTS OFF
 26 POKE -16204, 0: REM SCREEN RAM ENABLE
 40 SPOT=BASE+(LINE*80)+POS: POKE SPOT, ASC(A$): POKE LAST, 160: LAST=SPOT
 41 REM SPOT=LINE+POS. SET SPOT=CHAR. SET LAST = SPACE. SET LAST = SPOT.
 50 NEXT POS
 55 NEXT LINE
 60 FOR I=1 TO 200: NEXT I: GOTO 1050
500 POKE CHR, CTRLL: PRINT XS: PRINT
505 PRINT "NOTE: THIS SAME FUNCTION MAY BE DONE WITH THE 'GOTO X, Y' COMMAND": PRINT : PRINT
510 INPUT "CHARACTER YOU WOULD LIKE TO SEE ", A$
520 INPUT "IN WHICH LINE SHOULD IT APPEAR (0 - 23) ", LINE: IF LINE>=0 AND LINE<=23 THEN 530: PRINT "": GOTO 520
530 INPUT "IN WHICH POSITION (0 - 79) ", POS: IF POS>=0 OR POS<=79 THEN 550: PRINT "": GOTO 530
550 POKE -12287, 0: REM
                         BANK SELECTS OFF
560 POKE -16204, 0: REM SCREEN RAM ENABLE
570 SPOT=BASE+(LINE*80)+POS: POKE SPOT, ASC(A$)
580 REM SPOT=LINE+POS
590 INPUT "ANOTHER (Y/N)", A$: IF A$="Y" THEN 500: GOTO 1050
1000 REM WRITTEN BY MORGAN P. CAFFREY
1010 REM SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA
1020 REM JANUARY 20, 1980
1040 X$="X": CTRLT=148: CTRLL=140: CHR=5+ PEEK (74) + PEEK (75) *256: REM LOMEM + 5 = LOCATION OF X$
1045 BASE=-14336: LAST=-14335: A=0
1050 POKE CHR, CTRLL: PRINT X$: PRINT
1060 PRINT "YOU MAY SEE SINGLE CHARACTERS MOVING TO EVERY SCREEN POSITION (ENTER 1)": PRINT
1070 PRINT "YOU MAY SEND THE CHARACTER OF YOUR CHOICE TO ANY SCREEN POSITION (ENTER 2)": PRINT
1075 PRINT "YOU MAY CHOOSE TO QUIT (ENTER 3)": PRINT
1080 INPUT "? ", A$: A= ASC(A$)-176
1100 IF A=1 THEN 10
1110 IF A=2 THEN 500
1120 IF A=3 THEN END
1130 IF A>3 OR A<1 THEN PRINT "OUTSIDE OF LEGAL RANGE - PLEASE TRY AGAIN ": FOR I=1 TO 450: NEXT I: GOTO 1050
```

GOTO XY DEMONSTRATION

```
0 GOTO 2000
10 REM GOTO X, Y DEMONSTRATION
20 POKE CHR, CTRLL: PRINT X$: PRINT : REM CLEAR SCREEN
25 BASE=160
30 INPUT "CHARACTER YOU WANT TO SEE? ", A$
40 INPUT "HORIZONTAL POSITION ", HRIZ: HRIZ=HRIZ+BASE: REM GET PROPER OFFSET
50 INPUT "VERTICAL POSITION", VERT: VERT=VERT+BASE: REM GET PROPER OFFSET
60 POKE CHR, CTRLL: PRINT X$: PRINT
70 POKE CHR, GXY: PRINT X$;: POKE CHR, HRIZ: PRINT X$;: POKE CHR, VERT: PRINT X$;: PRINT A$: PRINT
80 INPUT "ANOTHER (Y/N) ", A$
90 IF A$="Y" THEN 20
95 GOTO 2050
500 REM EVERY POSITION
505 ZERO=160: REM THE 'SPACE' CHARACTER REPRESENTS 0: '!' = 1: '"' = 2: ETC.
510 POKE CHR, CTRLL: PRINT X$: PRINT
515 INPUT "WHAT CHARACTER WOULD YOU LIKE TO SEE? ", A$
520 PRINT X$: PRINT
530 FOR VERT=0 TO 23
531 C=VERT+ZERO
532 FOR HRIZ=0 TO 79
535 B=HRIZ+ZERO: REM 160+THE POSITION
```

```
550 POKE CHR. GXY: PRINT X$:: POKE CHR. B: PRINT X$:: POKE CHR. C: PRINT X$:: PRINT A$:
 560 NEXT HRIZ
 570 NEXT VERT
 580 FOR N=1 TO 450: NEXT N: PRINT
 590 INPUT "ANOTHER (Y/N) ", A$: IF A$="Y" THEN 510: GOTO 2050
1000 GOTO 2050
2000 REM WRITTEN BY MORGAN P. CAFFREY
2010 REM SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA
2020 REM JANUARY 24, 1980
2025 REM CHR$ FUNCTION LOCATES X$ TO A FIXED POSITION - FIRST IN THE TABLE
2026 X$="0": REM THE '0' IS A 'DUMMY' WHOSE ABSOLUTE POSITION IS DECIMAL 2053
2040 CHR=5+ PEEK (74) + PEEK (75) *256: REM
                                            LOMEM + 5 = LOCATION OF X$
2042 CTRLT=148: CTRLL=140: GXY=158
2045 BASE=-14336: LAST=-14335: A=0: GXY=158
2050 POKE CHR. CTRLL: PRINT X$: PRINT
2060 PRINT "THIS ROUTINE USES THE 'GOTO X, Y' FEATURE OF SUP'R'TERMINAL": PRINT
2061 PRINT "NORMALLY THIS IS ONLY DONE FROM WITHIN A PROGRAM": PRINT
2062 PRINT " TO POSITION THE CURSOR - PRINT CHR$ (158); CHR$ (HORIZ); CHR$ (VERT) "
2063 PRINT "LIST THIS PROGRAM TO SEE AN INTEGER 'CHR$' ROUTINE": PRINT : PRINT : PRINT
2070 PRINT "YOU MAY SEND THE CHARACTER OF YOUR CHOICE TO ANY SCREEN POSITION (ENTER 1)": PRINT
2071 PRINT "YOU MAY CHOOSE TO SEND A CHARACTER TO EVERY POSITION ON THE SCREEN (ENTER 2) ": PRINT
2075 PRINT "YOU MAY CHOOSE TO QUIT (ENTER 3)": PRINT
2080 INPUT "? ", A$: IF A$="" THEN 2050: A= ASC (A$) -176
2100 IF A=1 THEN 10
2110 IF A=2 THEN 500
2120 IF A=3 THEN END
2130 IF A>3 OR A<1 THEN PRINT "OUTSIDE OF LEGAL RANGE - PLEASE TRY AGAIN ": FOR I=1 TO 450: NEXT I: GOTO 2050
10000 END
```

FONT COMPRESSOR PROGRAM

```
O REM CHARACTER COMPRESSOR
 1 GOTO 2000: REM INITS
100 REM GET THE NEXT CHARACTER
105 CALL HOME
110 FOR I=I0 TO I7
120 OLD(I) = PEEK (OLDBASE+(CHAR*I8)+I): TEMP=OLD(I)
126 FOR J=10 TO 17: REM GET BINARY IMAGE IN REVERSE
127 \text{ F=OLD}(I) \text{ MOD } 12:BW(J)=F
128 OLD(I) = OLD(I) / I2: NEXT J: PRINT
129 OLD(I)=TEMP: IF OLD(I)<132 THEN 130: POKE IO, OLD(I): CALL I2:OLD(I)= PEEK (I1)
130 FOR J=17 TO 10 STEP 11N: IF BW(J)=11 THEN PRINT "O";: IF BW(J)=0 THEN PRINT ". ";: NEXT J
133 NEXT I: PRINT
140 RETURN
199 REM COLLECT AND MOVE COMPRESSED CHARACTER
200 REM TOTAL
201 VTAB I1: PRINT "CHARACTER ": CHAR; " COMPRESSION COUNT = "; CT+I1
202 Z=0: FOR X=0 TO CT: REM DISPLAY STORAGE VERSION
205 VTAB Z+2: TAB 15
210 PRINT CMPR(X): Z=Z+ZZ(X)
220 NEXT X: VTAB 15
225 FOR N=0 TO CT: ZZ (N) =0: NEXT N
230 IF NO=11 THEN INPUT "OK?", A$: IF A$="N" THEN END : REM LAST REVIEW LINE
240 FOR X=10 TO CT: REM MOVE COMPRESSED CHAR
250 POKE NBASE+NPTR, CMPR (X)
255 NPTR=NPTR+I1
260 NEXT X
270 IF NO=0 THEN PRINT "CHARACTER "; CHAR; " AT "; NBASE+NPTR; " - "; CT+11; " BYTES"
271 IF NO=I1 THEN 272: FOR AA=I1 TO 150: NEXT AA
272 CHAR=CHAR+I1
280 IF CHAR=E THEN GOTO FINISH: REM 20000
285 BYTE=0: ONEUP=BYTE+1: CT=0: RC=0: FOR I=I0 TO I7: CMPR(I)=I0: NEXT I
290 GOTO 1000: REM GET THE NEXT CHAR
399 REM COLLECT NEXT BYTE ROUTINE
400 REM FILL CMPR ARRAY WITH COMPRESSED CHARS
401 CMPR (CT) =OLD (BYTE) +O (RC): REM THE COMPRESSION STROKE!
410 CT=CT+I1: ZZ (CT-I1) =RC+I1: RC=0: FLAG=0
```

```
420 BYTE=BYTE+1 · ONELIP=BYTE+1
430 IF BYTE=7 THEN FLAG=2
440 IF FLAG#12 THEN GOTO 1010
445 REM LAST BYTE DIFFERENTLY
450 CMPR (CT) =OLD (BYTE) +O (IO): GOTO TOT: REM
999 REM MAIN PROGRAM ROUTINE
1000 GOSUB GETCHAR: REM MAIN TEST - 128 TIMES FOR FULL CHARACTER SET
1010 IF OLD (BYTE) #OLD (ONEUP) THEN GOTO COLLECT: REM 400
1015 RC=RC+I1
1020 REM GOT A MATCH
1025 IF BYTE#6 THEN 1030: REM WHEN BYTE= 6 THEN LAST TWO ARE IDENTICAL
1026 CMPR (CT) =OLD (BYTE) +O (RC): GOTO TOT
1030 BYTE=BYTE+I1: ONEUP=BYTE+I1: IF BYTE=I8 THEN GOTO TOT: REM 200
1050 IF ONEUP<8 THEN GOTO 1010
1060 GOTO TOT: REM 200 SHOW RESULTS
2000 REM INITS
2001 DSP COUNT
2010 CHR$="X": I=0: I0=0: I7=7: I8=8: I2=2: I15=15: I1=1: HOME=-936: I1N=-1: I32=32
2011 POKE 12,169: POKE 3,31: POKE 4,37: POKE 5,0: POKE 6,133: POKE 7,1: POKE 8,96: REM MACH LANG ROUTINE
2019 REM SET ARRAY FOR TOP THREE BITS
2020 DIM O(7):O(0)=0:O(1)=32:O(2)=64
2021 \ O(3) = 96: O(4) = 128: O(5) = 160: O(6) = 192: O(7) = 224
2024 REM VARIOUS ARRAYS
2025 DIM A$ (39), B$ (39), C$ (39), D$ (39), E$ (39)
2026 DIM BW (7), CMPR (7), ZZ (7), OLD (7)
2028 FOR I=I0 TO I7: BW(I)=I0: ZZ(I)=I0: CMPR(I)=I0: OLD(I)=I0: NEXT I
2040 REM CREDITS
2041 CALL HOME: GOSUB 30000
2048 REM POINTERS
2050 OLDBASE=2048: REM BASE OF OLD CHAR
2051 NBASE=16384: REM BASE OF NEW CCHAR
2055 FOR I=0 TO 1024: POKE OLDBASE+I, IO: POKE NBASE+I, IO: NEXT I: REM BLANK CHAR AREAS
2066 NPTR=0: REM POINTER INTO NEW OUTPUT FILE
2069 CHAR=0: REM POINTER TO PRESENT CHAR
2070 CT=10: REM NUMBER OF BYTES IN NEW CHAR
2071 RC=IO: REM RC= REPETITION COUNT
2072 BYTE=IO: REM POINTER IN "OLD" ARRAY
2074 ONEUP=I1: REM COMPARISON POINTER
2075 REM SUBROUTINE POINTERS
2076 GETCHAR=100: TOT=200: COLLECT=400: FINISH=20000
2078 NO=0: REM DEFAULT= NO REVIEW
2079 FLAG=0: REM FIND OUT WHAT TO DO
2080 PRINT "WHAT CHARACTER SET SHALL I": PRINT "COMPRESS? (ENTER 'CAT' FOR CATALOG) ": INPUT A$
2082 IF A$#"CAT" THEN 2086: PRINT "CATALOG": PRINT: INPUT" (PRESS RETURN TO CONTINUE", A$: GOTO2080:
2086 INPUT "STOP TO REVIEW EACH CHARACTER ?", B$: IF B$="Y" THEN NO=1:B$=""
2087 PRINT "NUMBER OF CHARACTERS TO MOVE?": INPUT "DEFAULT (0) = 128", E: IF E=0 THEN E=128
2089 PRINT "BLOAD", A$
2099 GOTO 1000
19999 REM LOG TO DISK
20000 INPUT "SAVE COMPRESSED FILE TO DISKETTE? ", A$: IF A$#"Y" THEN 20030
20010 INPUT "NAME OF FILE? ", A$
20020 PRINT "BSAVE"; A$; ". COMP, A16384, L"; NPTR: REM VARIABLE NUMBER OF CHARACTERS
20025 PRINT "CREATED FILE: "; A$; ". COMP"
20030 PRINT "CATALOG": END
30000 REM CREDIT SCREEN
30001 CALL HOME
30002 A$="SUP'R'TERMINAL FONT COMPRESSOR"
30004 B$="BY MORGAN P. CAFFREY"
30010 C$="P.O. BOX 31324"
30011 D$="SAN FRANCISCO, CA. 94131": E$="JANUARY 22, 1980"
30020 VTAB 10: TAB (39- LEN(A$))/2: PRINT A$: PRINT: PRINT
30022 TAB (39- LEN(B$))/2: PRINT B$: TAB (39- LEN(C$))/2: PRINT C$: TAB (39- LEN(D$))/2: PRINT D$
30023 TAB (39- LEN(E$))/2: PRINT E$
30025 PRINT : PRINT : PRINT "CLEARING CHARACTER SET SPACE"
30040 RETURN
```

Last Minute Notes

When using SUP'R'TERMINAL with the D.C. Hayes Micromodem II, the following constitutes a workable terminal (although the upper-lower case command will not work):

- 1. Turn power on.
- 2. Boot the diskette.
- 3. Type: PR#3 RETURN (initializes SUP'R'TERMINAL in slot #3).
- 4. Type: IN#2 RETURN (initializes Micromodem in slot #2).
- 5. Perform normal CTRL-A commands to initiate dialing. (notice here that the prompts will not appear on the screen; they are sent directly to the Apple II screen RAM.)

6. press RETURN several times. if the connection is made, the prompt will appear on the screen (cursor will not be present).

To obtain lower case display, exit the terminal mode, type: POKE 1786,0 (slot 2)'RETURN and then reenter terminal mode.

Again, Micromodem now supersedes SUP'R'TERMINAL CTRL-A sequence.

The following is a bare bones terminal program for those who do not wish to tie themselves to the Micromodem II firmware.

TERMINAL	,	; TERMINAL IN SLOT 3 ; SET HOOKS FOR SLOT #3
	LDA #\$8D	; CARRIAGE RETURN
	JSR \$FDED	: COUT ROUTINE
*		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	LDA \$00	; MODEM SLOT MUST BE IN LOCATION \$00
	ASL	; MOVE SLOT# TO HIGH NYBBLE
	ASL	,
	ASL	
	ASL	
	TAX	; AND PUT IT IN X-REG
	LDA #\$EF	; 6850 SET-UP
	STA \$C085, X	; CONTROL REG
	LDA #\$23	· ·
	STA \$C085, X	; STATUS REG
	LDA #\$11	
	STA \$C086, X	
*		
* HERE IS TH	E MAIN LOOP	
*		

POLLKBD LDA\$C000 ; KEYBOARD

BPL POLLMODEM ; IF NOTHING, THEN CHECK MODEM

* WE HAVE SOMETHING SO SEND IT

STA \$C010 ; RESET KEY STROBE
PHA ; SAVE COPY

CHKREADY LDA \$C086, X ; CHECK FOR XMITTER READY
AND #\$02 ; BIT 1 IS SIGNIFICANT HERE
BEQ CHKREADY ; WAIT IF NOT READY
PLA ; GET COPY BACK

STA \$C087, X; PUT IN TRANSMITTER BUFFER

* NOW POLL THE MODEM

POLLMODEM

LDA \$C086, X

; GET STATUS AGAIN

LSR

MOVE BIT 0 TO CARRY FLAG

BCC POLLKBD LDA \$C087, X IF CLEAR THEN NOTHING IN

ORA #\$80

; GOT SOMETHING ; ADD HIGH BIT

JSR \$FDED

; SEND IT TO SCREEN

JMP POLLKBD

; NOW DO IT ALL AGAIN

The same routine, modified, will work well with the Communications card. Just change the status and data addresses in accordance with the information presented in the Communications card manual. Notice that there is no Control register on the Communications card as there is on the Micromodem II card. This is just a difference in firmware approach.

NOTE

The terminal programs provided above are *not* exhaustive. They present a beginning point for those interested in writing more sophisticated terminal software for themselves.

APPENDIX A - APPLE ASCII CODES

The normal range of American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII) codes is from 0 to 127. The APPLE ASCII is what is known as 'negative ASCII'. Negative ASCII begins at 128 and goes to 255. The high bit of each character is set and the numbers are considered to be negative. This slight difference in representation has no effect on the meaning. 128 characters are coded into numerical representations.

The following table gives the normal and APPLE ASCII

code in decimal and hexidecimal representation and the character represented. It also provides a quick guide to APPLE & SUP'R'TERMINAL meanings.

NOTE

The control characters from 0 to 31 have character names acquired from their original use in telecommunication systems.

ASCII	NEG. ASCII	CHAR	TYPE:	MEAN- ING	KEY	
DEC	HEX	DEC	HEX			
0	\$00	128	\$80	NULL	CTRL@	HOME & CLEAR
1	\$01	129	\$81	SOH	CTRL-A	CASE "SWITCH''
2	\$02	130	\$82	STX	CTRL-B	ENTER BASIC
3	\$03	131	\$83	ETX	CTRL-C	STOP BASIC PROGRAM
4	\$04	132	\$84	ET	CTRL-D	D.O.S. FLAG
5	\$05	133	\$85	ENQ	CTRL-E	UNASSIGNED
6	\$06	134	\$86	ACK	CTRL-F	UNASSIGNED
7	\$07	135	\$87	BEL	CTRL-G	BELL
8	\$08	136	\$88	BS	CTRL-H	BACKSPACE
9	\$09	137	\$89	HT	CTRL-I	TAB
10	\$OA	138	\$8A	LF	CTRL-J	LINEFEED
11	\$0B	139	\$8B	VT	CTRL-K	LEFT BRACKET
12	\$OC	140	\$8C	FF	CTRL-L	HOME & CLEAR
13	\$OD	141	\$8D	CR	CTRL-M	RETURN
14	\$OE	142	\$8E	SO	CTRL-N	UNASSIGNED
15	\$OF	143	\$8F	SI	CTRL-O	UNASSIGNED
16	\$10	144	\$90	DLE	CTRL-P	UNASSIGNED
17	\$11	145	\$91	DC1	CTRL-Q	UNASSIGNED
18	\$12	146	\$92	DC2	CTRL-R	UNASSIGNED
19	\$13	147	\$93	DC3	CTRL-S	STOPLIST
20	\$14	148	\$94	DC4	CTRL-T	SPECIAL FUNCTION KEY
21	\$15	149	\$95	NAK	CTRL-U	RIGHT ARROW
22	\$16	150	\$96	SYN	CTRL-V	SHIFT KEY MOD. SWITCH
23	\$17	151	\$97	ETB	CTRL-W	UNASSIGNED
24	\$18	152	\$98	CAN	CTRL-X	CANCEL LINE
25	\$19	153	\$99	EM	CTRL-Y	HOME CURSOR
26	\$1A	154	\$9A	SUB	CTRL-Z	CLEARS LINE
27	\$1B	155	\$9B	ESC	ESCAPE	
28	\$1C	156	\$9C	FS	*	NOT AVAILABLE ON APPLE KEYBOARD
29	\$1D	157	\$9D	GS		CTRL-]

DEC	HEX	DEC	HEX			
30	\$1E	158	\$9E	D.C.	CITTO A	
31	\$1F	159	ъэ <u>н</u> \$9F	RS US	CTRL-^ *	
01	ΨΠ	100	даг	US	*	NOT AVAILABLE ON APPLE KEYBOARD CTRL-T MEANING
32	\$20	160	\$A0	space	space	0
33	\$21	161	\$A1	1	!	1
34	\$22	162	\$A2			
35	\$23	163	\$A3	#	#	2
36	\$24	164	\$A4	* \$	# •	3
37	\$25	165	\$A5	ф %	\$ %	4
38	\$26	166	\$A6	&	<i>70</i> &₂	5
39	\$27	167	\$A7	t t	00.	6
40	\$28	168	\$A8	(7
41	\$29	169	\$A9	((8
42	\$2A	170	\$AA	<i>)</i> *) *	9
43	\$2B	171	\$AB			10
44	\$2C	172	\$AC	+	+	11
45	\$2D	173		•	,	12
46	\$2E	174	\$AD	-	-	13
47	\$2F		\$AE	•	•	14
48	\$30	175 176	\$AF	/	/	15
49	\$30 \$31	177	\$B0	0	0	16
50	\$31 \$32		\$B1	1	1	17
51	\$32 \$33	178	\$B2	2	2	18
52		179	\$B3	3	3	19
53	\$34	180	\$B4	4	4	20
54	\$35	181	\$B5	5	5	21
55	\$36	182	\$B6	6	6	22
56	\$37	183	\$B7	7	7	23
	\$38	184	\$B8	8	8	24
57	\$39	185	\$B9	9	9	25
58	\$3A	186	\$BA	:	:	26
59	\$3B	187	\$BB	;	;	27
60	\$3C	188	\$BC	<	<	28
61	\$3D	189	\$BD	=	=	29
62	\$3E	190	\$BE	>	>	30
63	\$3F	191	\$BF	?	?	31
64	\$40	192	\$C0	@	@	32
65	\$41	193	\$C1	Α	Α	33
66	\$42	194	\$C2	В	В	34
67	\$43	195	\$C3	C	C	35
68	\$44	196	\$C4	D	D	36
69	\$45	197	\$C5	E	E	37
70 71	\$46	198	\$C6	F	F	38
71	\$47	199	\$C7	G	G	39
72	\$48	200	\$C8	H	Н	40
73	\$49	201	\$C9	I	I	41
74	\$4A	202	\$CA	J	J	42
75	\$4B	203	\$CB	K	K	43
76	\$4C	204	\$CC	L	L	44
77	\$4D	205	\$CD	M	M	45
78	\$4E	206	\$CE	N	N	46
79	\$4F	207	\$CF	О	O	47
80	\$50	208	\$D0	P	P	48
81	\$51	209	\$D1	Q	Q	49
82	\$52	210	\$D2	R	R	50
83	\$53	211	\$D3	S	S	51
84	\$54	212	\$D4	${f T}$	${f T}$	52
85	\$55	213	\$D5	U	U	53

DEC	HEX	DEC	HEX			
86	\$56	214	\$D6	V	V	54
87	\$57	215	\$D7	w	w	55
88	\$58	216	\$D8	X	x	56
89	\$59	217	\$D9	Y	Y	57
90	\$5A	218	\$DA	Ž	Z	58
91	\$5B	219	\$DB	{	{	59
92	\$5C	220	\$DC	,	\	60
93	\$5D	221	\$DD	į		61
94	\$5E	222	\$DE	2] ~	62
95	\$5F	223	\$DF			63
96	\$60	224	\$EO	sp.	$\overline{\mathrm{sp}}$.	64
97	\$61	225	\$E1	a	a	65
98	\$62	226	\$E2	b	b	66
99	\$63	227	\$E3	c	c	67
100	\$64	228	\$E4	d	d	68
101	\$65	229	\$E5	e	ě	69
102	\$66	230	\$E6	${f f}$	f	70
103	\$67	231	\$E7	g	g	71
104	\$68	232	\$E8	ĥ	ĥ	72
105	\$69	233	\$E9	i	i	73
106	\$6A	234	\$EA	j	j	74
107	\$6B	235	\$EB	k	k	-75
108	\$6C	236	\$EC	1	1	76
109	\$6D	237	\$ED	m	m	77
110	\$6E	238	\$EE	n	n	78
111	\$6F	239	\$EF	О	О	79
112	\$70	240	\$F0	р	p	80
113	\$71	241	\$F1	q	\mathbf{q}	
114	\$72	242	\$F2	$\dot{\mathbf{r}}$	$\hat{\mathbf{r}}$	
115	\$73	243	\$F3	s	s	
116	\$74	244	\$F4	t	t.	
117	\$75	245	\$F5	u	u	
118	\$76	246	\$F6	v	v	
119	\$77	247	\$F7	w	w	
120	\$78	248	\$F8	x	x	
121	\$79	249	\$F9	У	y	
122	\$7A	250	\$FA	Z	Z	
123	\$7B	251	\$FB	{	{	
124	\$7C	252	\$FC		ĺ	
125	\$7D	253	\$FD	}	}	
126	\$7E	254	\$FE	~		
127	\$7F	255	\$FF	DEL	?	

CONTROL ("CTRL") CHARACTERS

KEY	HEX	DECIMAL	FUNCTION
CTRL-A	\$81	129	Upper-Lower case switch
CTRL-B	\$82	130	Unassigned
CTRL-C	\$83	131	Keyboard Program Interrupt
CTRL-D	\$84	132	D.O.S Attention flag
CTRL-E	\$85	133	Unassigned
CTRL-F	\$86	134	Unassigned
CTRL-G	\$87	135	Bell
CTRL-H	\$88	136	Backspace
CTRL-I	\$89	137	Tab to next multiple of 8
CTRL-J	\$8A	138	Line feed
CTRL-K	\$8B	139	Left bracket
CTRL-R CTRL-L	\$8C	140	Form feed (home and clear)
	\$8D		
CTRL-M		141	Carriage return (generates a line feed).
CTRL-N	\$8E	142	Unassigned
CTRL-O	\$8F	143	Unassigned
CTRL-P	\$90	144	Unassigned
CTRL-Q	\$91	145	Unassigned
CTRL-R	\$92	146	Unassigned
CTRL-S	\$93	147	STOPLIST
CTRL-T	\$94	148	Special function mode
CTRL-TF char			- "load" compressed font into character RAM.
	CHAR		
	RANGE	•	
0	\$B0	176	From \$1000 - \$13FF
1	\$B1	177	From \$1400 - \$17FF
2	\$B2	178	From \$1800 - \$1BFF
3	\$B3	179	From \$1C00 - \$1FFF
4	\$B4	180	From \$2000 - \$23FF
5	\$B5	181	From \$2400 - \$27FF
6	\$B6	182	From \$2800 - \$2BFF
7	\$B7	183	From \$2C00 - \$2FFF
8	\$B8	183	From \$3000 - \$33FF
9	\$B9	184	From \$3400 - \$37FF
CTRL-TR	ΨΒ	101	Cold Start reset
CTRL-TC n			Alter Cursor Size & Flash rate
CIRL-IC II	NUM-	RANGE	Anter Cursor Size & Flash fate
	BER	KANGL	
0	\$B0	176	Underline - 4 flashes per sec.
0	\$B1		
1		177	Box - 4 flash per sec.
2	\$B2	178	Underline - no flash.
3	\$B3	179	Box - no flash.
4	\$B4	180	Underline - 2 flashes per sec.
5	\$B5	181	Box - 2 flashes per sec.
6	\$B6	182	No cursor displayed.
CTRL-TT ch			Top of window (0 - 23)
CTRL-TB ch			Bottom of window (0 - 23)
CTRL-TW ch			Width of window (0 - 79)
CTRL-TL ch			Absolute left margin (0 - 79)
CTRL-U	\$95	149	Right arrow (BASIC ONLY)
CTRL-V	\$96	150	Switch TO or FROM shift-key modification mode
CTRL-W	\$97	151	Unassigned
CTRL-X	\$98	152	Cancels Input line
CTRL-Y	\$99	153	Home cursor (doesn't blank screen)

KEY	HEX	DECIMAL	FUNCTION
CTRL-Z	\$9A	154	Clears line
*	\$9C	156	(non-copy) forward space
CTRL-SHIFT-N	\$9E	158	GOTO XY $(X = HORIZONTAL, Y = VERTICAL)$ abso-
*	\$9F	159	lute cursor positioning) Cursor up

^{*} Not available from keyboard. Can be used only as part of a program.

ESCAPE ("ESC") COMMANDS (BASIC only)

ESC @	Clears screen and homes cursor immediate mode only.
ESC A	Non-copy forward space
ESC B	Backspace
ESC C	Line feed
ESC D	Reverse line feed
ESC E	Clear to end of line
ESC F	Clear to end of screen
ESC I	Moves cursor up one line and locks screen into cursor-move mode
ESC J	Moves cursor left one space and locks screen as does ESC I
ESC K	Moves cursor right one space and locks screen as does ESC I
ESC M	Moves cursor down one line and locks screen as does ESC I
ESC Q	Exits SUP'R'TERMINAL mode

NOTE

The I, J, K, and M keys form a diamond which points the direction of cursor movement:

J K

I

M

,	

NOTE: THE BELOW LISTED PROGRAMS ARE AVAILABLE ON DISK FROM YOUR LOCAL COMPUTER STORE.

Keypress Note

Pascal users will soon see that KEYPRESS (a function used in applestuf) doesn't seem to work properly. Don't fret, here's the solution. The following is a listing of required additions to your Pascal program to allow KEYPRESS.

Lines 30 through 38 should be added to your GLOBAL VARIABLES.

Lines 41 through 70 go into your program before the KEYPRESS replacement function is used.

Replace all your existing **KEYPRESS** functions with the word **KEY**. If your not using applestuf, you can leave the function named **KEYPRESS** as is, although lines 30 through 38 and 41 through 70 must still be typed in with line 60 changed to **KEYPRESS** where it now says **KEY**.

```
1:D
               1 (*$LPRINTER:*)
          1:D
               1 program KEYTEST;
 3
          1:D
                3
     1
          1:D
               3 (
                      *********************
          1:D
               3 *
 6
          1:D
               3* Example program for M&R enterprises.
          1:D
                3 *
               3 *
          1 : D
                    It shows how one may replace the APPLESTUFF
                    function KEYPRESS when using an M&R
          1:D
10
          1:D
                3 *
                    Sup'r'terminal board.
               3 *
11
          1:D
               3 *
          1:D
                                                          By Dan Sokol-6 May 80
               3 *
13
          1:D
     1
14
          1:D
15
     1
          1:D
16
    22
          1:D
                3 [$ ]
17
    22
          1:D
    22
18
          1:D
19
          2:D
                      FUNCTION PADDLE (SELECT: INTEGER): INTEGER;
                      FUNCTION BUTTON (SELECT: INTEGER): BOOLEAN;
20
    22
          3:D
21
          4:D
                      PROCEDURE TTLOUT (SELECT: INTEGER: DATA: BOOLEAN);
22
          5:D
                      FUNCTION KEYPRESS: BOOLEAN:
23
    22
          6:D
                      FUNCTION RANDOM: INTEGER;
24
    22
                      PROCEDURE RANDOMIZE
          7:D
25
    22
          8:D
                      PROCEDURE NOTE (PITCH, DURATION: INTEGER);
26
    22
          8:D
27
    22
          1:D
               3
                      IMPLEMENTATION
28
    22
          1:D
29
          1:D
                1 uses applestuff;
30
          1:D
31
          1:D
                3 type PA = packed array [0..1] of 0..255;
32
    1
          1:D
                     MAGIC = record case booolean of
33
          1:D
                              true : (INT: integer);
               3
34
          1:D
               3
                             false: (PTR: A PA);
35
          1:D
                             end:
36
    1
          1:D
37
               3 var CHEAT: MAGIC;
          1:D
38
          1 · D
                    PITCH, DURATION, DATA: integer;
39
          1:D
               7
40
          2:D
               1 procedure TEST;
41
          2:0
               0
42
          2:1
                    if DATA < 0 then DATA:=-DATA:
43
          2:1
               9
                    while DATA > 255 do DATA:=DATA-256;
44
          2:0
              25
45
          2:0
              40
46
          3:D
               1 procedure POKE(ADDR,DATA: INTEGER);
47
          3:0
               0
                   begin
48
               0
          3:1
49
          3:1
                    CHEAT.INT:=ADDR;
          3:1
               5
                   CHEAT.PTR \land [0]:=DATA;
```

```
51
            3:0 17
            3:0
                30
52
     1
                  3 function PEEK (ADDR: integer): integer;
53
            4:D
54
            4:0
                       CHEAT.INT:=ADDR:
                  0
55
            4.1
                       PEEK:=CHEAT.PTR \land [0];
56
            4:1
                 3
            4:0
                 11
57
58
            4:0
                 21
                 24 (*$P*)
59
            4:0
                  3 function KEY: boolean; (* Don't call it KEYPRESS if your using applestuff
60
            5 · D
                      var CLEAR, KEYBOARD, TEMP: integer;
61
            5:D
62
            5:0
                  0
                        CLEAR:=-16368; KEYBOARD: =-16384; TEMP:=peek (KEYBOARD);
63
            5:1
                 0
            5:1
                 19
                        if TEMP > 128 then
64
      1
                 26
65
            5:2
                          begin
                          KEY: =true;
66
            5:3
                 26
                 29
                          poke(CLEAR.TEMP);
67
     1
            5.3
68
            5:2
                 33
                        end else
            5:2
                 35
                        KEY:=false;
69
70
            5:0
                 38
                      end:
71
            5:0
                 50
72
      1
            5:0
                 50
73
            5:0
                 50 (* main program—to test KEY function *)
74
                  0 begin
            1:0
75
                  0 writeln ('Press any key to start');
            1:1
                 44 repeat until KEY; (* loop here till key is pressed *)
76
            1:1
                 50 writeln ('Press any key to stop.');
77
            1:1
78
            1:1
                 92 repeat
                 92 PITCH:=PITCH+1 mod 30;
79
            1:2
                 99 DURATION:=DURATION+1 mod 10;
80
                 106 note(PITCH, DURATION);
81
            1:2
      1
                                                                     (* sound off till KEY is pressed *)
82
      1
            1:1
                 111 until KEY;
            1:0
                 117 end.
83
```

Automatic Program Converter for Existing Applesoft Programs

To allow your SUP'R'TERMINAL to work with existing Applesoft Basic Programs, you must change VTAB statements, HOME, and CALL-936 statements as these cannot be interpreted by SUP'R'TERMINAL. The following programs will do this automatically, enabling you to make this as easy as possible.

Type in and save the following 5 short Applesoft programs. Make sure you name each one exactly, as it appears, as the programs must call each other up while running under program control. Once you have the programs on disc, you must put any program you wish to convert on the same disc.

To run the program conversion, just type RUN VTAB followed by a RETURN. The program will ask you for the name of the program you wish to convert. When it is through converting, the converted program is automatically stored in RAM as an Applesoft Basic Program. You may save it on disk as you do any other Basic program. Type SAVE followed by the name you wish to call it.

Please note that the programs you are converting were initially written with a 40 column display in mind. The display may not yet be optimized for 80 characters. Also remember that any direct references, within programs, to the Apple screen (other than VTAB, CALL-936, and HOME instructions) will still only reference the Apple screen rather than SUP'R'TERMINAL. These more complicated references may still be modified by direct reference to SUP'R'TERMINAL screen rams (see manual or call the factory for assistance if you have any difficulty).

VTAB

- 10 REM DOCUMENTATION
- 20 D\$ = CHR\$ (4)
- 30 PRINT D\$: "PR#3"
- 35 PRINT D\$: "MAXFILES 5": PRINT: PRINT D\$
- 40 PRINT CHR\$ (140)
- 50 PRINT "This program converts VTAB statements in APPLSOFT programs"
- 60 PRINT "to the correct CTRL-SHIFT-N sequence for use with the M&R"
- 70 PRINT "Enterprises SUP'R'TERMINAL board."
- 80 PRINT
- 90 PRINT "The following limitations must be observed!"
 100 PRINT "1. The program to be converted MUST be an APPLESOFT (not INTEGER) program."
- 110 PRINT "2. The program must be on this disk."
- 120 PRINT "3. The program cannot have any line numbers above 32749."
- 130 PRINT "4. There must be room on this disk for 2 ascii copies of the program."
- 150 PRINT "The conversion is not very fast ... but it works!"
- 160 PRINT "After the conversion is complete the new program is in memory," 170 PRINT "IT IS UP TO YOU TO SAVE IT!!!! Don't forget!!!."
- 180 PRINT
- 190 PRINT "Type return if you are ready to convert, space to exit."
- 200 GET A\$
- 205 D\$ = CHR\$ (4): PRINT
- 210 IF A\$ = CHR\$ (13) THEN PRINT D\$; "RUN FIXVTABS"
- 220 END

FIXVTABS

- 10 D\$ = CHR\$ (4)
- 20 PRINT D\$; "OPEN TEMP"
- 30 PRINT D\$; "DELETE TEMP"
- 40 PRINT "ENTER NAME OF PROGRAM TO BE CONVERTED";; INPUT A\$
- 50 PRINT D\$: "NOMON C,I,O"
- 60 PRINT D\$: "EXEC XFERTOTEXT"
- 70 END

XFERTOTEXT

PRINT D\$; "LOAD"; A\$

32750 D\$=CHR\$ (4)

32751 PRINT D\$;"OPEN TEMP"

32752 PRINT D\$; "DELETE TEMP"

32753 PRINT D\$; "OPEN TEMP"

32754 PRINT D\$; "WRITE TEMP"

32755 LIST 0-32749

32756 PRINT CHR\$(27)+CHR\$(27)+CHR\$(27)

32757 PRINT D\$; "CLOSE TEMP"

RUN 32750

RUN CONVERT

LIST CONVERT

- 10 D\$ = CHR\$ (4)
- 20 PRINT D\$:" MON C,I,O"
- 30 PRINT D\$;"OPEN NEWPROG"
- 40 PRINT D\$;"DELETE NEWPROG"
- 50 PRINT D\$;"OPEN NEWPROG" 60 PRINT D\$;"OPEN TEMP"
- 70 PRINT D\$;"READ TEMP"
- 80 GET A\$
- 90 C\$ = C\$ + A\$
- 100 IF MID\$ (C\$.2.3) = CHR\$ (27) + CHR\$ (27) + CHR\$ (27) THEN GOTO 310
- 110 IF A\$ <> CHR\$ (13) THEN GOTO 80
- 120 FOR I = 1 TO LEN (C\$)
- 130 IF MID\$ (C\$,I,4) = "VTAB" THEN GOSUB 180
- 140 B\$ = B\$ + MID\$ (C\$,I,1)
- 150 NEXT I
- 160 PRINT D\$: PRINT D\$; "WRITE NEWPROG": PRINT B\$

```
170 B$ = " ":C$ = " ": GOTO 70
180 REM CONVERT VTABS HERE
190 P = 0
200 X$ = "PRINT CHR$(158)+CHR$(32+POS(0))+CHR$(32+"
210 I = I + 4
220 B\$ = B\$ + X\$
230 FOR K = I TO LEN (C$)
235 IF MID$ (C$,K,1) = CHR$ (13) THEN GOTO 270
240 IF MID$ (C\$,K,1) <> ":" THEN B$ = B$ + MID$ (C\$,K,1):P = P + 1
250 IF MID$ (C$,K,1) = ":" THEN GOTO 270
260 NEXT K
270 I = I + P
280 B$ = B$ + ");"
290 PRINT D$: PRINT "****** FOUND ONE *****";
300 RETURN
310 PRINT D$:"CLOSE"
320 TEXT
330 PRINT D$;"EXEC TEXTOPROG"
340 END
```

TEXTOPROG

NEW D\$=CHR\$(4) PRINT D\$;"EXEC NEWPROG"

Procedure For Keying In Programs To Run with D C Hayes

Type in and save AUTODIAL Program with your selected phone number in line 30. Type in and save the program OBJECT MAKER. Then run OBJECT MAKER. This program you just ran will create the Binary File called TERMINAL.OBJ which is needed for running AUTODIAL with the DC Hayes. To run the DC Hayes, put the DC Hayes card in slot 2 and type RUN AUTODIAL.

Procedure For Keying In Program To Run with the Comm. Card.

Type in and save the Program called **TERMINAL**. Put the Comm Card in slot 2 and type RUN TERMINAL.

Also there is a listing to give you an idea of the program flow and explain the options, if you want to put in the I wire Shift Key modification (see Manual). Without the wire modification for the Shift Key, you won't get lower case, special characters, or half duplex.

AUTODIAL

- 10 Q\$ = CHR\$ (17) :D\$ = CHR\$ (4)
- 15 PRINT D\$;"BLOAD TERMINAL.OBJ"
- 20 PRINT D\$;"NOMON C,I,O"
- 30 DATA XXX-XXXX: REM INSERT PHONE NUMBER IN PLACE OF X'S
- 40 PRINT D\$;"PR#2"
- 45 READ NU\$
- 50 PRINT Q\$;" "NU\$
- 60 IF PEEK (1658) < 128 THEN GOTO 80
- 70 CALL 16384
- 80 END

TERMINAL

- 10 LOMEM: 17000
- 20 DATA 173,255,207,169,0,141,122,4,141
- 30 DATA 122,5,141,250,4,141,122,6,141
- 40 DATA 250,6,141,250,5,169,24,205,0
- 50 DATA 194,240,12,169,3,141,174,192,169
- 60 DATA 17,141,174,192,208,18,169,143,141
- 70 DATA 165,192,169,3,141,166,192,169,17 80 DATA 141,166,192,141,250,5,169,32,141
- 90 DATA 122,7,169,3,32,149,254,173,0
- 100 DATA 192,16,91,141,16,192,201,159,144
- 110 DATA 123,201,192,144,22,201,218,176,18
- 120 DATA 72,173,122,6,240,11,173,99,192
- 130 DATA 240,6,104,24,105,32,144,1,104
- 140 DATA 72,173,250,4,208,94,104,41,127
- 150 DATA 72,173,250,5,240,14,173,166,192
- 160 DATA 41,2,240,249,104,141,167,192,76
- 170 DATA 148,64,173,174,192,41,2,240,249
- 180 DATA 104,141,175,192,72,173,122,4,240
- 190 DATA 11,104,32,47,65,9,128,32,237
- 200 DATA 253,48,1,104,32,78,65,173,250
- 210 DATA 5,240,11,173,166,192,74,144,146
- 220 DATA 173,167,192,176,9,173,174,192,74
- 230 DATA 144,135,173,175,192,32,47,65,9
- $240\ \, \mathrm{DATA}\,\, 128,\!32,\!237,\!253,\!76,\!70,\!64,\!76,\!236$
- 250 DATA 64,104,201,222,240,11,201,192,240
- 260 DATA 11,201,221,240,11,76,115,64,169
- 270 DATA 206,208,249,169,208,208,245,169,205
- 280 DATA 208,241,72,173,99,192,240,10,104
- 290 DATA 201,139,208,2,169,219,76,108,64
- 300 DATA 104,201,150,208,11,169,255,77,250
- 310 DATA 4,141,250,4,76,70,64,201,148
- 320 DATA 208,11,169,255,77,122,4,141,122
- 330 DATA 4,76,70,64,201,129,208,11,169
- 340 DATA 255,77,122,6,141,122,6,76,70
- 350 DATA 64,201,145,208,203,96,72,41,127
- 200 DATA 94,201,145,208,203,96,72,41,12
- 360 DATA 201,32,144,2,104,96,173,122,5
- 370 DATA 240,249,169,160,32,237,253,169,136
- 380 DATA 32,237,253,169,0,141,122,5,240
- 390 DATA 232,72,206,250,6,208,226,206,122
- 400 DATA 7,208,221,169,32,141,122,7,173
- 410 DATA 122,5,73,255,141,122,5,240,7
- 420 DATA 169,223,32,237,253,208,5,169,160
- 430 DATA 32,237,253,169,136,32,237,253,104
- 440 DATA 96,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0
- 450 DATA 0,132,1,0,
- 1000 START = 16384:SIZE = 390
- 1010 RESTORE
- 1020 FOR I = START TO START + SIZE
- 1030 READ D

- 1040 POKE I,D
- 1050 NEXT I
- 1055 HOME: PR# 3: PRINT CHR\$ (140);
- 1060 CALL START
- 1070 END

OBJECTMAKER

- 10 LOMEM: 17000
- 20 DATA 173,255,207,169,0,141,122,4,141
- 30 DATA 122,5,141,250,4,141,122,6,141
- 40 DATA 250,6,141,250,5,169,24,205,0
- 50 DATA 194,240,12,169,3,141,174,192,169
- 60 DATA 17,141,174,192,208,18,169,143,141
- 70 DATA 165,192,169,3,141,166,192,169,17 80 DATA 141,166,192,141,250,5,169,32,141
- 90 DATA 122,7,169,3,32,149,254,173,0
- 100 DATA 192,16,91,141,16,192,201,159,144
- 110 DATA 123,201,192,144,22,201,218,176,18

```
120 DATA 72,173,122,6,240,11,173,99,192
 130 DATA 240,6,104,24,105,32,144,1,104
 140 DATA 72,173,250,4,208,94,104,41,127
 150 DATA 72,173,250,5,240,14,173,166,192
 160 DATA 41,2,240,249,104,141,167,192,76
 170 DATA 148,64,173,174,192,41,2,240,249
 180 DATA 104,141,175,192,72,173,122,4,240
 190 DATA 11,104,32,47,65,9,128,32,237
 200 DATA 253,48,1,104,32,78,65,173,250
 210 DATA 5 240 11 173 166 192 74 144 146
 220 DATA 173,167,192,176,9,173,174,192,74
 230 DATA 144,135,173,175,192,32,47,65,9
 240 DATA 128,32,237,253,76,70,64,76,236
 250 DATA 64,104,201,222,240,11,201,192,240
 260 DATA 11,201,221,240,11,76,115,64,169
 270 DATA 206,208,249,169,208,208,245,169,205
 280 DATA 208,241,72,173,99,192,240,10,104
 290 DATA 201,139,208,2,169,219,76,108,64
 300 DATA 104,201,150,208,11,169,255,77,250
 310 DATA 4,141,250,4,76,70,64,201,148
 320 DATA 208,11,169,255,77,122,4,141,122
 330 DATA 4,76,70,64,201,129,208,11,169
 340 DATA 255,77,122,6,141,122,6,76,70
 350 DATA 64,201,145,208,203,96,72,41,127
 360 DATA 201,32,144,2,104,96,173,122,5
 370 DATA 240,249,169,160,32,237,253,169,136
 380 DATA 32,237,253,169,0,141,122,5,240
 390 DATA 232,72,206,250,6,208,226,206,122
 400 DATA 7,208,221,169,32,141,122,7,173
 410 DATA 122,5,73,255,141,122,5,240,7
 420 DATA 169,223,32,237,253,208,5,169,160
 430 DATA 32,237,253,169,136,32,237,253,104
 440 DATA 96,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0
 450 DATA 0,132,1,0,
1000 \text{ START} = 16384:\text{SIZE} = 390
1010 RESTORE
1020 FOR I = START TO START + SIZE
1030 READ D
1040 POKE I.D
1050 NEXT I
1055 D$ = CHR$(4)
1060 PRINT D$;"BSAVE TERMINAL.OBJ, A$4000,L$1FF"
1070 END
```

Listing To Give You An Idea of the Program Flow

This program emulates a moderately dumb terminal using an M&R Enterprises Sup'r'terminal and an APPLE Communications Card (or Micromodem II). It has the following features:

- 1. 80 characters by 24 lines.
- 2. Upper and Lower case with caps lock.
- 3. Half or Full Duplex switch.
- 4. Special character switch.
- 5.It works with either a Comm Card or a D.C. Hayes Micromodem.

The program expects the Sup'r'terminal to be in slot #3 and the Comm Card (or modem) to be in slot #2. The program

avoids using the X and Y registers to minimize interference with the Sup'r'terminal. The shift key modification described in the Sup'r'terminal manual must have been made. If it has not been made, the funcion keys will not work.

The program functions are accessed as follows:

1. CTRL—SHIFT—A Shift lock (caps only).

Default = upper case only.

2. CTRL—SHIFT—V Special Characters
([]@). Default =+ off.

3. CTRL—SHIFT—T Duplex switch.
Default = Full Duplex (no local echo).

4. CTRL—SHIFT—Q Quit program.
Returns control to calling program.

```
0000
        0002
                     SLOT
                                  .EQU
                                          2
                                                        ; THE LOCATION OF THE COMM CARD (OR MODEM)
0000
        0020
                     SLOTCN
                                  .EQU
                                          SLOT * 10
                                                         ; RAM OFFSET CALCULATOR
0000
        CFFF
                      CFFF
                                  .EQU
                                          0CFFF
                                                         C800 ROM DISABLE ADDRESS
0000
        C000
                     KEYSTAT
                                  .EQU
                                                         APPLE KEYBOARD AND STATUS PORT ADDRESS
                                          00000
0000
        C010
                     KEYCLR
                                  .EQU
                                          0C010
                                                         CLEAR KEYBOARD STROBE
                                                         APPLE MONITOR PR#N ROUTINE (N IN A REGISTER)
0000
        FE95
                     SETUP
                                  .EQU
                                          0FE95
        FDED
0000
                     CHROUT
                                  .EQU
                                          0FDED
                                                          APPLE MONITOR CHARACTER OUT ROUTINE (CHARACTER IN A)
0000
        C063
                     SWIT2
                                  .EQU
                                          0C063
                                                         SHIFT KEY STATUS (0 WHEN DOWN)
0000
        047A
                     DUPLEX
                                  .EQU
                                          478+SLOT
                                                         DUPLEX STATUS FLAG (DEFAULT = FULL = 0)
0000
        04FA
                     SPECIAL
                                  .EQU
                                          4F8+SLOT
                                                         SPECIAL CHARACTER FLAG (DEFAULT = OFF = 0)
                                                         CURSOR STATUS (ON/OFF)
0000
       057A
                     CURSTAT
                                  .EQU
                                          578+SLOT
0000
       05FA
                     CARD
                                  .EQU
                                          5F8+SLOT
                                                         CARD TYPE (0 = COMM CARD)
0000
                     UPCASE
        067A
                                  .EQU
                                          678+SLOT
                                                         CAPS LOCK FLAG (DEFAULT = ON = 0)
0000
       06FA
                     BLINK1
                                  .EQU
                                          6F8+SLOT
                                                         CURSOR BLINK DELAY
0000
       077A
                     BLINK2
                                  .EQU
                                          778+SLOT
                                                         MORE DELAY
0000
       0011
                     BAUDRTE
                                  .EQU
                                                         11 = 300 BAUD, 52 = 110 BAUD
                                          11
0000
        C<sub>0</sub>A<sub>5</sub>
                     MRESET
                                  .EQU
                                          0C085+SLOTCN
                                                         MODEM RESET PORT
0000
        COA6
                     MSTAT
                                  .EQU
                                          MRESET+1
                                                         MODEM STATUS PORT
0000
        COA7
                     MCTRL
                                  .EQU
                                          MSTAT
                                                         MODEM CONTROL PORT
0000
        COA7
                     CREAD
                                  .EQU
                                          MSTAT+1
                                                         MODEM DATA IN PORT
0000
       C0AE
                     MWRITE
                                  .EQU
                                          MSTAT+1
                                                         MODEM DATA OUT PORT
0000
       C<sub>0</sub>A<sub>3</sub>
                     CSTAT
                                  .EQU
                                          0C08E+SLOTCN
                                                         COMM CARD STATUS PORT
0000
       COAF
                     CCTRL
                                  .EQU
                                          CSTAT
                                                         COMM CARD CONTROL PORT
0000
       COAF
                     CREAD
                                  .EQU
                                          CSTAT+1
                                                         COMM CARD DATA IN PORT
0000
       COAF
                     CWRITE
                                  .EQU
                                          CSTAT+1
                                                        : COMM CARD DATA OUT PORT
0000
                                  ACIA STATUS PORT - BIT DEFINITIONS
0000
                                  BIT - MEANING
0000
                                      INPUT DATA READY (TRUE=1)
                                   0
0000
                                       TRANSMIT BUFFER EMPTY (TRUE=1)
0000
                                   2
                                       CARRIER DETECT FAILURE (WHO CARES)
0000
                                       CLEAR TO SEND
                                   3
0000
                                       FRAMING ERROR
0000
                                   5
                                      RECEIVER OVERRUN
0000
                                   6
                                      PARITY ERROR
0000
0000
0000
                                   I'M NOT USING BITS 2 THRU 7 (THIS IS A VERY DUMB TERMINAL).
0000
                                 ORG 4000
4000
4000
       AD FFCF
                     START
                                  LDA
                                          CFFF
                                                        : ALL C800 ROMS OFF
4003
       49.00
                                  LDA
                                          #0
                                                        ; GET READY TO SETUP DEFAULTS
4005
       8D 7A04
                                          DUPLEX
                                                        : FULL DUPLEX
                                  STA
4008
       8D 7A05
                                          CURSTAT
                                                        :CURSOR OFF
                                  STA
400B
       8D FA04
                                  STA
                                          SPECIAL
                                                        ; SPECIAL CHARACTERS OFF
       8D 7A06
400E
                                          UPCASE
                                                        : UPPER CASE ONLY
                                  STA
4011
       8D FA06
                                  STA
                                         BLINK1
                                                         CLEAR CURSOR DELAY COUNTER
4014
       8D FA05
                                                         IF IT'S NOT A COMM CARD WE FIX LATER
                                  STA
                                          CARD
4017
       A9 18
                                  LDA
                                         #18
                                                         WHAT'S ON SECOND?
4019
       CD 00C2
                                  CMP
                                          100*SLOT+0C000; LOCATION CX00 IS 18 FOR THE MODEM, 2C FOR THE COMM CARD
401C
       F00C
                                  BEQ
                                          MINIT
                                                         INITIALIZE FOR THE MODEM
401E
       A9 03
                                  LDA
                                         #03
                                                         ELSE, RESET THE COMM CARD
4020
       8D AEC0
                                         CCTRL
                                                         COMM CARD RESET
                                  STA
4023
       A9 11
                                  LDA
                                         #BAUDRTE
                                                         BAUD RATE
4025
       8D AECO
                                  STA
                                         CCTRL
                                                         GETS SET HERE
4028 |
       D012
                                  BNE
                                         INIT
                                                         FORCED BRANCH AROUND MODEM INITIALIZATION
402A
       A98F
                     MINIT
                                  LDA
                                         #8F
                                                         MODEM HARDWARE RESET, OFF HOOK, ORIGINATE,
                                                         XMIT ON 300 BAUD
402C |
       8D A5C0
                                  STA
                                         MRESET
                                                        ; RESETS THE MODEM
402F
       A9 03
                                  LDA
                                                        ; NEEDED TO RESET THE ACIA ON THE MODEM CARD
4031
       8D A6C0
                                         MCTRL
                                  STA
4034
       A9 11
                                  LDA
                                         #BAUDRTE
                                                        ; SAME AS COMM CARD
4036
       8D A6C0
                                                        : SETS CHARACTER LENGTH (8 BITS, NO PARITY, 2 STOP BITS)
                                  STA
                                         MCTRL
4039
       8D FA05
                                  STA
                                         CARD
                                                        : ANY NON-ZERO BYTE = MODEM
403C
       A9 20
                     INIT
                                  LDA
                                         #20
                                                        FOR CURSOR BLINK DELAY
403E
       8D 7A07
                                  STA
                                         BLINK2
4041
       A9 03
                                  LDA
                                                        ; DO A PR#3 FOR SUP'R'TERMINAL
4043
       20 95FE
                                  JSR
                                         SETUP
4046
4046
                     ; THE KEYBOARD INPUT ROUTINE STARTS HERE. IT IS INDEPENDENT OF THE TYPE OF
                      BOARD IN SLOT#2. THE PROGRAM SPENDS MOST OF IT'S TIME GOING BACK AND FORTH
4046
4046
                     ; BETWEEN HERE AND THE INCHAR ROUTINE.
4046
```

```
4046
       AD 00C0
                     KEY
                                  LDA
                                          KEYSTAT
                                                        : KEYBOARD STATUS > 127 MEANS CHARACTER READY
4049
       105B
                                  BPL
                                          INCHAR
                                                        : IF < 128 CHECK FOR INCOMING DATA
404B
       8D 10C0
                                                         GOT ONE! . CLEAR KEYBOARD STROBE
                                  STA
                                          KEYCLR
404E
       C9 9F
                                                         CHECK FOR CTRL CHARACTERS
                                  CMP
                                          #9F
       907B
                                          STEST
                                                        : TEST FOR SPECIAL CTRL CHARACTERS
4050
                                  RCC
4052
       C9 C0
                                  CMP
                                          #0C0
                                                        : IS IT < THEN CAP 'A'
4054
       9016
                                  BCC
                                          NOFIX
4056
                                                        : IS IT > THEN CAP 'Z'
       C9 DA
                                  CMP
                                          #0DA
4058
       B012
                                  BCS
                                          NOFIX
405A
       48
                     FIX
                                  PHA
                                                        : SAVE THE CHARACTER
       AD 7A06
405B
                                  LDA
                                          UPCASE
                                                        : DO WE ALLOW LOWER CASE?
405E
       F00B
                                  BEQ
                                          FIXED
                                                        : NO. BAIL OUT NOW
       AD 63C0
                                                        ; IS SHIFT KEY DOWN? (VIA SUP'R'TERMINAL MOD)
4060
                                  LDA
                                          SWIT2
4063
       F006
                                  BEQ
                                          FIXED
                                                         YES, BAIL OUT
4065
       68
                                  PLA
                                                         GET THE CHARACTER BACK
4066
       18
                                  CLC
                                                        : PREPARE TO MAKE LOWER CASE
4067
       69 20
                                  ADC
                                                         UPPER CASE + 20 = LOWER CASE
                                          #20
4069
       9001
                                  BCC
                                          NOFIX
                                                         FORCED BRANCH (CARRY IS 0)
406B
       68
                     FIXED
                                  PLA
                                                        : RECOVER CHARACTER ITS FINE AS IS
406C
                                                        : SAVE WHILE WE TEST FOR SPECIAL CHARACTERS
       48
                     NOFIX
                                  PHA
406D
       AD FA04
                                  LDA
                                          SPECIAL
4070
                                                        ; SPECIAL CHARACTERS ARE ON
       D05E
                                  RNE
                                         SPECON
4072
       68
                                  PLA
                                                        ; RECOVER CHARACTER
       29 7F
4073
                     SPRET
                                  AND
                                          #7F
                                                         REMOVE MSB
4075
       48
                                  PHA
                                                         SAVE ON STACK
4076
       AD FA05
                                                        ; WHO'S ON FIRST (NO, WHO'S ON SECOND)
                     XMIT
                                  LDA
                                          CARD
                                  BEQ
4079
       F00E
                                                        : COMM CARD OUTPUT ROUTINE
                                          COMOUT
407B
       AD A6C0
                     MLOOP
                                  LDA
                                          MSTAT
407E |
       29 02
                                  AND
                                                        : XMIT BUFFER EMPTY?
                                         #02
4080
       FOF9
                                  BEQ
                                         MLOOP
                                                        ; WAIT TILL IT IS
4082
                                  PLA
                                                         RECOVER CHARACTER
       8D A7C0
                                         MWRITE
4083
                                  STA
                                                        ; ZIP, IT'S GONE
4086
       4C 9440
                                  JMP
                                                        ; GO CHECK DUPLEX STATUS
                                          DLX
4089
       AD AECO
                     COMOUT
                                  LDA
                                         CSTAT
408C
       29.02
                                  AND
                                         #02
                                                        ; LOOKS FAMILIAR, HUH ...
408E
       FoF9
                                  BEQ
                                         COMOUT
                                                        ; IT'S THE SAME AS MLOOP
4090
                                  PLA
                                                        ; WITH DIFFERENT ADDRESSES
       68
4091
       8D AFC0
                                  STA
                                         CWRITE
4094
                     DLX
                                                        ; SAVE THE CHARACTER (AGAIN)
       48
                                  PHA
       AD 7A04
4095
                                  LDA
                                         DUPLEX
4098 |
       F00B
                                  BEQ
                                          FULL
                                                        : FULL DUPLEX , SKIP THE REST
409A
       68
                                  PLA
409B
       20 2F41
                                  JSR
                                         NOCTRL
                                                        : REMOVES CURSOR IF CHAR IS CTRL.
409E
       09 80
                                                        : PUT MSB BACK FOR LOCAL USE
                                  ORA
                                         #80
       20 EDFD
                                         CHROUT
40A0
                                  JSR
40A3
       3001
                                  BMI
                                         INCHAR
                                                        : FORCED BRANCH (N=1)
40A5
       68
                     FULL
                                  PLA
                                                        : FIX STACK
40A6
40A6
                     ; INCHAR GETS CHARACTER FROM SLOT #2 AND PUTS THEM ON THE
                      SCREEN. IF THERE'S NO CHARACTER IT GOES BACK TO KEY.
40A6
40A6
       20 4E41
                     INCHAR
                                  JSR
                                         CBLINK
                                                         MAKE THE CURSOR BLINK
       AD FA05
40A9
                                  LDA
                                         CARD
                                                        ; WHERE'S THE STATUS PORT?
40AC
       F00B
                                  BEQ
                                         COMIN
                                                        : 0 = COMM CARD
40AE
       AD A6C0
                     MODIN
                                                         MUST BE THE MODEM
                                  LDA
                                         MSTAT
40B1
       4A
                                  LSR
                                                         MOVE INTO CARRY
40B2
       9092
                                  BCC
                                         KEY
                                                        : NO CHARACTER, START OVER
40R4
       AD A7C0
                                                         GET THE CHARACTER
                                  LDA
                                         MREAD
                                         DISPLAY
40B7
       B009
                                  BCS
                                                        ; FORCED BRANCH (C = 1)
40B9
       AD AECO
                                                        ; COMM CARD DATA INPUT ROUTINE
                     COMIN
                                  LDA
                                         CSTAT
40BC
                                  LSR
                                                        ; WHICH IS THE SAME AS ABOVE
       4A
40BD
       9087
                                  BCC
                                         KEY
       AD AFCO
40BF
                                         CREAD
                                  LDA
40C2 |
       20 2F41
                     DISPLAY
                                  JSR
                                         NOCTRL
                                                       : REMOVES CURSOR IF CTRL CHAR
40C5
                                                       ; ADD SMB FOR APPLE
       09 80
                                  ORA
                                         #80
       20 EDFD
40C7
                                  JSR
                                         CHROUT
40CA
       4C 4640
                                  JMP
                                         KEY
                                                       ; BACK TO THE BEGINNING
40CD
                     ; THE SUBROUTINES FOLLOW .....
40CD
40CD |
       4C EC40
                    STEST
                                  JMP
                                         STESTI
                                                       ; EXTEND THE BRANCH
40D0
40D0
       68
                     SPECON
                                  PLA
                                                       ; RECOVER CHARACTER
       C9 DE
40D1
                                  CMP
                                         #ODE
                                                       ; SHIFT-N
40D3 |
       F00B
                                  BEQ
                                         CAPN
40D5
       C9 C0
                                  CMP
                                         #0C0
                                                       ; SHIFT-P
                                  BEQ
40D7
       F00B
                                         CAPP
40D9 |
       C9 DD
                                 CMP
                                         #0DD
                                                       ; SHIFT-M
40DB
       F00B
                                 BEQ
                                         CAPM
```

40DD	4C 7340	SP1	JMP	SPRET	, NO CHANGE
40E0	A9 CE	CAPN	LDA	#0CE	, No ominal
40E2	D0F9		BNE	SP1	
40E4	A9 D0	CAPP	LDA	#0D0	
40E6	D05F		BNE	SP1	
40E8	A9 CD	CAPM	LDA	#0CD	
40EA			BNE	SP1	
40EC		ompom.	DILL		a turn mun aut a namen
40EC		STEST1	PHA	CHUTTO	; SAVE THE CHARACTER
40ED 40F0	AD 63C0 F00A		LDA BEQ	SWIT2 CTRLV	; SHIFT KEY DOWN? ; CHECK FOR CTRL-V
40F2	68		PLA	CIKLY	; CHECK FOR CIRL-V
40F3	C9 8B		CMP	#8B	; CTRL-K?
40F5	D002		BNE	EXIT	; NO, WE'RE DONE.
40F7	AO DB		LDA	#0DB	; CHANGE IT TO A "I"
40F9	4C 6C40	EXIT	JMP	NOFIX	; SO LONG FOLKS
40FC	68	CTRLV	PLA		
40FD			CMP	#96	; CTRL—SHIFT—V (SPECIAL CHARACTERS)
40FF			BNE	HORF	; NO, TRY THE DUPLEX SWITCH
4101 4103	A9 FF 4D FA04		LDA EOR	#0FF	; YES, TOGGLE THE SPECIAL CHARACTER SWITCH
4106	8D FA04		STA	SPECIAL SPECIAL	; FIXED
4109	4C 4640		JMP	KEY	; START OVER DON'T XMIT THE CHARACTER
410C	C9 94	HORF	CMP	#94	; CTRL-SHIFT-T (HALF/FULL DUPLEX)
410E	D00B		BNE	SLOCK	; NO, TRY SHIFT LOCK
4110	A9 FF		LDA	#0FF	
4112	4D 7A04		EOR	DUPLEX	
4115	8D 7A04		STA	DUPLEX	
4118	4C 4640	540.597 saide	JMP	KEY	1-12-12-12-2-12
411B		SLOCK	CMP	#81	; CTRL-SHIFT-A
411D	D00B		BNE	QUIT	; LAST CHANCE
411F 4121	A9 FF 4D 7A06		LDA EOR	#0FF	
4124	8D 7A06		STA	UPCASE UPCASE	
4127	4C 4640		JMP	KEY	
412A		QUIT	CMP	#91	
412C	D0CB	3.5	BNE	EXIT	; NOT SPECIAL
412E	60		RTS		; BYE BYE
412F					
412F	48	NOCTRL	PHA		; BETTER SAVE THE CHARACTER
4130	29 7F		AND	#7F	; REMOVE MSB (PARITY) ON INCOMING CHARACTERS
4132	C9 20		CMP	#20	; LESS THAN A SPACE MEANS IT'S A CTRL CHARACTER
4132 4134	C9 20 9002	AOK	CMP BCC		; LESS THAN A SPACE MEANS IT'S A CTRL CHARACTER ; GO FIX THE CURSOR
4132 4134 4136	C9 20 9002 68	AOK	CMP BCC PLA	#20	; LESS THAN A SPACE MEANS IT'S A CTRL CHARACTER ; GO FIX THE CURSOR ; RECOVER CHARACTER
4132 4134 4136 4137	C9 20 9002 68 60		CMP BCC PLA RTS	#20 SHUFFLE	; LESS THAN A SPACE MEANS IT'S A CTRL CHARACTER ; GO FIX THE CURSOR ; RECOVER CHARACTER ; BACK TO CALLER
4132 4134 4136	C9 20 9002 68	AOK SHUFFLE	CMP BCC PLA RTS LDA	#20	; LESS THAN A SPACE MEANS IT'S A CTRL CHARACTER ; GO FIX THE CURSOR ; RECOVER CHARACTER
4132 4134 4136 4137 4138	C9 20 9002 68 60 AD 7A05		CMP BCC PLA RTS	#20 SHUFFLE CURSTAT	; LESS THAN A SPACE MEANS IT'S A CTRL CHARACTER ; GO FIX THE CURSOR ; RECOVER CHARACTER ; BACK TO CALLER ; CHECK FOR CURSOR STATUS
4132 4134 4136 4137 4138 413B 413D 413F	C9 20 9002 68 60 AD 7A05 F0F9 A9 A0 20 EDFD		CMP BCC PLA RTS LDA BEQ LDA JSR	#20 SHUFFLE CURSTAT AOK #0A0 CHROUT	; LESS THAN A SPACE MEANS IT'S A CTRL CHARACTER ; GO FIX THE CURSOR ; RECOVER CHARACTER ; BACK TO CALLER ; CHECK FOR CURSOR STATUS ; CURSOR IS OFF ; A SPACE ; REMOVE CURSOR
4132 4134 4136 4137 4138 413B 413D 413F 4142	C9 20 9002 68 60 AD 7A05 F0F9 A9 A0 20 EDFD A9 88		CMP BCC PLA RTS LDA BEQ LDA JSR LDA	#20 SHUFFLE CURSTAT AOK #0A0 CHROUT #88	; LESS THAN A SPACE MEANS IT'S A CTRL CHARACTER ; GO FIX THE CURSOR ; RECOVER CHARACTER ; BACK TO CALLER ; CHECK FOR CURSOR STATUS ; CURSOR IS OFF ; A SPACE
4132 4134 4136 4137 4138 413B 413D 413F 4142 4144	C9 20 9002 68 60 AD 7A05 F0F9 A9 A0 20 EDFD A9 88 20 EDFD		CMP BCC PLA RTS LDA BEQ LDA JSR LDA JSR	#20 SHUFFLE CURSTAT AOK #0A0 CHROUT #88 CHROUT	; LESS THAN A SPACE MEANS IT'S A CTRL CHARACTER ; GO FIX THE CURSOR ; RECOVER CHARACTER ; BACK TO CALLER ; CHECK FOR CURSOR STATUS ; CURSOR IS OFF ; A SPACE ; REMOVE CURSOR ; A BACKSPACE (FIX POSITION)
4132 4134 4136 4137 4138 413B 413D 413F 4142 4144 4147	C9 20 9002 68 60 AD 7A05 F0F9 A9 A0 20 EDFD A9 88 20 EDFD A9 00		CMP BCC PLA RTS LDA BEQ LDA JSR LDA JSR LDA	#20 SHUFFLE CURSTAT AOK #0A0 CHROUT #88 CHROUT #0	; LESS THAN A SPACE MEANS IT'S A CTRL CHARACTER ; GO FIX THE CURSOR ; RECOVER CHARACTER ; BACK TO CALLER ; CHECK FOR CURSOR STATUS ; CURSOR IS OFF ; A SPACE ; REMOVE CURSOR
4132 4134 4136 4137 4138 413D 413F 4142 4144 4147 4149	C9 20 9002 68 60 AD 7A05 F0F9 A9 A0 20 EDFD A9 88 20 EDFD A9 00 8D 7A05		CMP BCC PLA RTS LDA BEQ LDA JSR LDA JSR LDA STA	#20 SHUFFLE CURSTAT AOK #0A0 CHROUT #88 CHROUT #0 CURSTAT	; LESS THAN A SPACE MEANS IT'S A CTRL CHARACTER ; GO FIX THE CURSOR ; RECOVER CHARACTER ; BACK TO CALLER ; CHECK FOR CURSOR STATUS ; CURSOR IS OFF ; A SPACE ; REMOVE CURSOR ; A BACKSPACE (FIX POSITION) ; FIX THE CURSOR ON/OFF FLAG
4132 4134 4136 4137 4138 413B 413F 414F 4147 4147 4149 414C	C9 20 9002 68 60 AD 7A05 F0F9 A9 A0 20 EDFD A9 88 20 EDFD A9 00		CMP BCC PLA RTS LDA BEQ LDA JSR LDA JSR LDA	#20 SHUFFLE CURSTAT AOK #0A0 CHROUT #88 CHROUT #0	; LESS THAN A SPACE MEANS IT'S A CTRL CHARACTER ; GO FIX THE CURSOR ; RECOVER CHARACTER ; BACK TO CALLER ; CHECK FOR CURSOR STATUS ; CURSOR IS OFF ; A SPACE ; REMOVE CURSOR ; A BACKSPACE (FIX POSITION)
4132 4134 4136 4137 4138 413D 413F 4142 4142 4144 4147 4148 414C 414E	C9 20 9002 68 60 AD 7A05 F0F9 A9 A0 20 EDFD A9 88 20 EDFD A9 00 8D 7A05 F0E8	SHUFFLE	CMP BCC PLA RTS LDA BEQ LDA JSR LDA JSR LDA STA BEQ	#20 SHUFFLE CURSTAT AOK #0A0 CHROUT #88 CHROUT #0 CURSTAT	; LESS THAN A SPACE MEANS IT'S A CTRL CHARACTER ; GO FIX THE CURSOR ; RECOVER CHARACTER ; BACK TO CALLER ; CHECK FOR CURSOR STATUS ; CURSOR IS OFF ; A SPACE ; REMOVE CURSOR ; A BACKSPACE (FIX POSITION) ; FIX THE CURSOR ON/OFF FLAG ; FORCED BRANCH (A = 0)
4132 4134 4136 4137 4138 413B 413F 414F 4147 4147 4149 414C	C9 20 9002 68 60 AD 7A05 F0F9 A9 A0 20 EDFD A9 88 20 EDFD A9 00 8D 7A05		CMP BCC PLA RTS LDA BEQ LDA JSR LDA JSR LDA STA	#20 SHUFFLE CURSTAT AOK #0A0 CHROUT #88 CHROUT #0 CURSTAT	; LESS THAN A SPACE MEANS IT'S A CTRL CHARACTER ; GO FIX THE CURSOR ; RECOVER CHARACTER ; BACK TO CALLER ; CHECK FOR CURSOR STATUS ; CURSOR IS OFF ; A SPACE ; REMOVE CURSOR ; A BACKSPACE (FIX POSITION) ; FIX THE CURSOR ON/OFF FLAG
4132 4134 4136 4137 4138 413D 413F 4142 4144 4147 4146 414E 414E	C9 20 9002 68 60 AD 7A05 F0F9 A9 A0 20 EDFD A9 88 20 EDFD A9 00 8D 7A05 F0E8	SHUFFLE	CMP BCC PLA RTS LDA BEQ LDA JSR LDA JSR LDA STA BEQ	#20 SHUFFLE CURSTAT AOK #0A0 CHROUT #88 CHROUT #0 CURSTAT AOK	; LESS THAN A SPACE MEANS IT'S A CTRL CHARACTER ; GO FIX THE CURSOR ; RECOVER CHARACTER ; BACK TO CALLER ; CHECK FOR CURSOR STATUS ; CURSOR IS OFF ; A SPACE ; REMOVE CURSOR ; A BACKSPACE (FIX POSITION) ; FIX THE CURSOR ON/OFF FLAG ; FORCED BRANCH (A = 0) ; SAVE THE CHARACTER
4132 4134 4136 4137 4138 413D 4142 4144 4147 414E 414E 414F 4152 4154	C9 20 9002 68 60 AD 7A05 F0F9 A9 A0 20 EDFD A9 88 20 EDFD A9 00 8D 7A05 F0E8 48 CE FA06 D0E2 CE 7A07	SHUFFLE	CMP BCC PLA RTS LDA BEQ LDA JSR LDA JSR LDA STA BEQ PHA DEC	#20 SHUFFLE CURSTAT AOK #0A0 CHROUT #88 CHROUT #0 CURSTAT AOK	; LESS THAN A SPACE MEANS IT'S A CTRL CHARACTER ; GO FIX THE CURSOR ; RECOVER CHARACTER ; BACK TO CALLER ; CHECK FOR CURSOR STATUS ; CURSOR IS OFF ; A SPACE ; REMOVE CURSOR ; A BACKSPACE (FIX POSITION) ; FIX THE CURSOR ON/OFF FLAG ; FORCED BRANCH (A = 0) ; SAVE THE CHARACTER ; COUNT DOWN TO 0
4132 4134 4136 4137 4138 413B 413D 413F 4142 4144 4147 414E 414E 414E 4152 4154	C9 20 9002 68 60 AD 7A05 F0F9 A9 A0 20 EDFD A9 88 20 EDFD A9 00 8D 7A05 F0E8 48 CE FA06 D0E2 CE 7A07 D0DD	SHUFFLE	CMP BCC PLA RTS LDA BEQ LDA JSR LDA STA BEQ PHA DEC BNE DEC BNE	#20 SHUFFLE CURSTAT AOK #0A0 CHROUT #88 CHROUT #0 CURSTAT AOK BLINK1 AOK BLINK2 AOK	; LESS THAN A SPACE MEANS IT'S A CTRL CHARACTER ; GO FIX THE CURSOR ; RECOVER CHARACTER ; BACK TO CALLER ; CHECK FOR CURSOR STATUS ; CURSOR IS OFF ; A SPACE ; REMOVE CURSOR ; A BACKSPACE (FIX POSITION) ; FIX THE CURSOR ON/OFF FLAG ; FORCED BRANCH (A = 0) ; SAVE THE CHARACTER ; COUNT DOWN TO 0 ; CURSOR STAYS AS IS ; SECOND TIMER
4132 4134 4136 4137 4138 413D 413F 4142 4144 4147 4148 414E 414E 4152 4154	C9 20 9002 68 60 AD 7A05 F0F9 A9 A0 20 EDFD A9 88 20 EDFD A9 00 8D 7A05 F0E8 48 CE FA06 D0E2 CE 7A07 D0DD A9 20	SHUFFLE	CMP BCC PLA RTS LDA BEQ LDA JSR LDA STA BEQ PHA DEC BNE DEC BNE LDA	#20 SHUFFLE CURSTAT AOK #0A0 CHROUT #88 CHROUT #0 CURSTAT AOK BLINK1 AOK BLINK2 AOK	; LESS THAN A SPACE MEANS IT'S A CTRL CHARACTER ; GO FIX THE CURSOR ; RECOVER CHARACTER ; BACK TO CALLER ; CHECK FOR CURSOR STATUS ; CURSOR IS OFF ; A SPACE ; REMOVE CURSOR ; A BACKSPACE (FIX POSITION) ; FIX THE CURSOR ON/OFF FLAG ; FORCED BRANCH (A = 0) ; SAVE THE CHARACTER ; COUNT DOWN TO 0 ; CURSOR STAYS AS IS
4132 4134 4136 4137 4138 413D 413F 4142 4144 4147 4148 414F 4152 4154 4159 4158	C9 20 9002 68 60 AD 7A05 F0F9 A9 A0 20 EDFD A9 88 20 EDFD A9 00 8D 7A05 F0E8 48 CE FA06 D0E2 CE 7A07 D0DD A9 20 8D 7A07	SHUFFLE	CMP BCC PLA RTS LDA BEQ LDA JSR LDA STA BEQ PHA DEC BNE DEC BNE LDA STA	#20 SHUFFLE CURSTAT AOK #0A0 CHROUT #88 CHROUT #0 CURSTAT AOK BLINK1 AOK BLINK2 AOK	; LESS THAN A SPACE MEANS IT'S A CTRL CHARACTER ; GO FIX THE CURSOR ; RECOVER CHARACTER ; BACK TO CALLER ; CHECK FOR CURSOR STATUS ; CURSOR IS OFF ; A SPACE ; REMOVE CURSOR ; A BACKSPACE (FIX POSITION) ; FIX THE CURSOR ON/OFF FLAG ; FORCED BRANCH (A = 0) ; SAVE THE CHARACTER ; COUNT DOWN TO 0 ; CURSOR STAYS AS IS ; SECOND TIMER ; TIMER #2 DELAY
4132 4134 4136 4137 4138 413D 413F 4142 4144 4147 4148 414F 4152 4157 4158 4158	C9 20 9002 68 60 AD 7A05 F0F9 A9 A0 20 EDFD A9 88 20 EDFD A9 00 8D 7A05 F0E8 48 CE FA06 D0E2 CE 7A07 D0DD A9 20 8D 7A07 AD 7A05	SHUFFLE	CMP BCC PLA RTS LDA BEQ LDA JSR LDA STA BEQ PHA DEC BNE DEC BNE LDA STA LDA	#20 SHUFFLE CURSTAT AOK #0A0 CHROUT #88 CHROUT #0 CURSTAT AOK BLINK1 AOK BLINK2 AOK #20 BLINK2 CURSTAT	; LESS THAN A SPACE MEANS IT'S A CTRL CHARACTER ; GO FIX THE CURSOR ; RECOVER CHARACTER ; BACK TO CALLER ; CHECK FOR CURSOR STATUS ; CURSOR IS OFF ; A SPACE ; REMOVE CURSOR ; A BACKSPACE (FIX POSITION) ; FIX THE CURSOR ON/OFF FLAG ; FORCED BRANCH (A = 0) ; SAVE THE CHARACTER ; COUNT DOWN TO 0 ; CURSOR STAYS AS IS ; SECOND TIMER ; TIMER #2 DELAY ; ON OR OFF?
4132 4134 4136 4137 4138 413D 413F 4142 4144 4147 4149 414E 414F 4152 4158 4158 4158	C9 20 9002 68 60 AD 7A05 F0F9 A9 A0 20 EDFD A9 88 20 EDFD A9 00 8D 7A05 F0E8 48 CE FA06 D0E2 CE 7A07 D0DD A9 20 8D 7A07 AD 7A05 49 FF	SHUFFLE	CMP BCC PLA RTS LDA BEQ LDA JSR LDA STA BEQ PHA DEC BNE DEC BNE LDA STA LDA STA LDA STA LDA STA	#20 SHUFFLE CURSTAT AOK #0A0 CHROUT #88 CHROUT #0 CURSTAT AOK BLINK1 AOK BLINK2 AOK #20 BLINK2 CURSTAT	; LESS THAN A SPACE MEANS IT'S A CTRL CHARACTER ; GO FIX THE CURSOR ; RECOVER CHARACTER ; BACK TO CALLER ; CHECK FOR CURSOR STATUS ; CURSOR IS OFF ; A SPACE ; REMOVE CURSOR ; A BACKSPACE (FIX POSITION) ; FIX THE CURSOR ON/OFF FLAG ; FORCED BRANCH (A = 0) ; SAVE THE CHARACTER ; COUNT DOWN TO 0 ; CURSOR STAYS AS IS ; SECOND TIMER ; TIMER #2 DELAY ; ON OR OFF? ; FLIP IT
4132 4134 4136 4137 4138 413D 413F 4142 4144 4147 4149 414E 414F 4152 4154 4157 4158 4158 4161 4163	C9 20 9002 68 60 AD 7A05 F0F9 A9 A0 20 EDFD A9 88 20 EDFD A9 00 8D 7A05 F0E8 48 CE FA06 D0E2 CE 7A07 D0DD A9 20 8D 7A07 AD 7A05 49 FF 8D 7A05	SHUFFLE	CMP BCC PLA RTS LDA BEQ LDA JSR LDA JSR LDA STA BEQ PHA DEC BNE DEC BNE LDA STA LDA STA LDA STA STA	#20 SHUFFLE CURSTAT AOK #0A0 CHROUT #88 CHROUT #0 CURSTAT AOK BLINK1 AOK BLINK2 AOK #20 BLINK2 CURSTAT #0FF CURSTAT	; LESS THAN A SPACE MEANS IT'S A CTRL CHARACTER ; GO FIX THE CURSOR ; RECOVER CHARACTER ; BACK TO CALLER ; CHECK FOR CURSOR STATUS ; CURSOR IS OFF ; A SPACE ; REMOVE CURSOR ; A BACKSPACE (FIX POSITION) ; FIX THE CURSOR ON/OFF FLAG ; FORCED BRANCH (A = 0) ; SAVE THE CHARACTER ; COUNT DOWN TO 0 ; CURSOR STAYS AS IS ; SECOND TIMER ; TIMER #2 DELAY ; ON OR OFF?
4132 4134 4136 4137 4138 413D 413F 4142 4144 4147 4149 414E 414F 4152 4158 4158 4158	C9 20 9002 68 60 AD 7A05 F0F9 A9 A0 20 EDFD A9 88 20 EDFD A9 00 8D 7A05 F0E8 48 CE FA06 D0E2 CE 7A07 D0DD A9 20 8D 7A07 AD 7A05 49 FF	SHUFFLE	CMP BCC PLA RTS LDA BEQ LDA JSR LDA STA BEQ PHA DEC BNE DEC BNE LDA STA LDA STA LDA STA LDA STA	#20 SHUFFLE CURSTAT AOK #0A0 CHROUT #88 CHROUT #0 CURSTAT AOK BLINK1 AOK BLINK2 AOK #20 BLINK2 CURSTAT	; LESS THAN A SPACE MEANS IT'S A CTRL CHARACTER ; GO FIX THE CURSOR ; RECOVER CHARACTER ; BACK TO CALLER ; CHECK FOR CURSOR STATUS ; CURSOR IS OFF ; A SPACE ; REMOVE CURSOR ; A BACKSPACE (FIX POSITION) ; FIX THE CURSOR ON/OFF FLAG ; FORCED BRANCH (A = 0) ; SAVE THE CHARACTER ; COUNT DOWN TO 0 ; CURSOR STAYS AS IS ; SECOND TIMER ; TIMER #2 DELAY ; ON OR OFF? ; FLIP IT
4132 4134 4136 4137 4138 413D 4142 4144 4147 4148 414E 414F 4152 4154 4158 415B 415B 4161 4163 4166	C9 20 9002 68 60 AD 7A05 F0F9 A9 A0 20 EDFD A9 88 20 EDFD A9 00 8D 7A05 F0E8 48 CE FA06 D0E2 CE 7A07 D0DD A9 20 8D 7A07 AD 7A05 49 FF 8D 7A05 F007	SHUFFLE	CMP BCC PLA RTS LDA BEQ LDA JSR LDA JSR LDA STA BEQ PHA DEC BNE DEC BNE LDA STA LDA EOR STA BEQ	#20 SHUFFLE CURSTAT AOK #0A0 CHROUT #88 CHROUT #0 CURSTAT AOK BLINK1 AOK BLINK2 AOK #20 BLINK2 CURSTAT #0FF CURSTAT	; LESS THAN A SPACE MEANS IT'S A CTRL CHARACTER ; GO FIX THE CURSOR ; RECOVER CHARACTER ; BACK TO CALLER ; CHECK FOR CURSOR STATUS ; CURSOR IS OFF ; A SPACE ; REMOVE CURSOR ; A BACKSPACE (FIX POSITION) ; FIX THE CURSOR ON/OFF FLAG ; FORCED BRANCH (A = 0) ; SAVE THE CHARACTER ; COUNT DOWN TO 0 ; CURSOR STAYS AS IS ; SECOND TIMER ; TIMER #2 DELAY ; ON OR OFF? ; FLIP IT ; PUT IT BACK
4132 4134 4136 4137 4138 413D 413F 4142 4144 4147 414E 414E 4157 4158 415B 415B 415B 4166 4168	C9 20 9002 68 60 AD 7A05 F0F9 A9 A0 20 EDFD A9 88 20 EDFD A9 00 8D 7A05 F0E8 48 CE FA06 D0E2 CE 7A07 D0DD A9 20 8D 7A07 AD 7A05 49 FF 8D 7A05 F007 A9 DF	SHUFFLE	CMP BCC PLA RTS LDA BEQ LDA JSR LDA JSR LDA STA BEQ PHA DEC BNE DEC BNE LDA STA LDA STA LDA STA LDA STA LDA LDA STA LDA LDA	#20 SHUFFLE CURSTAT AOK #0A0 CHROUT #88 CHROUT #0 CURSTAT AOK BLINK1 AOK BLINK2 AOK #20 BLINK2 CURSTAT #0FF CURSTAT OFF #0DF	; LESS THAN A SPACE MEANS IT'S A CTRL CHARACTER ; GO FIX THE CURSOR ; RECOVER CHARACTER ; BACK TO CALLER ; CHECK FOR CURSOR STATUS ; CURSOR IS OFF ; A SPACE ; REMOVE CURSOR ; A BACKSPACE (FIX POSITION) ; FIX THE CURSOR ON/OFF FLAG ; FORCED BRANCH (A = 0) ; SAVE THE CHARACTER ; COUNT DOWN TO 0 ; CURSOR STAYS AS IS ; SECOND TIMER ; TIMER #2 DELAY ; ON OR OFF? ; FLIP IT ; PUT IT BACK
4132 4134 4136 4137 4138 413D 413F 4142 4144 4147 4148 414E 414E 4152 4154 4155 4156 4166 4168 416A 416F	C9 20 9002 68 60 AD 7A05 F0F9 A9 A0 20 EDFD A9 88 20 EDFD A9 00 8D 7A05 F0E8 48 CE FA06 D0E2 CE 7A07 D0DD A9 20 8D 7A05 49 FF 8D 7A05 F007 A9 DF 20 EDFD D005 A9 A0	SHUFFLE	CMP BCC PLA RTS LDA BEQ LDA JSR LDA STA BEQ PHA DEC BNE LDA STA LDA STA LDA STA LDA STA LDA STA LDA LDA STA LDA STA LDA STA LDA STA LDA STA LDA LDA STA LDA LDA LDA LDA LDA LDA LDA LDA LDA LD	#20 SHUFFLE CURSTAT AOK #0A0 CHROUT #88 CHROUT #0 CURSTAT AOK BLINK1 AOK BLINK2 AOK #20 BLINK2 CURSTAT #0FF CURSTAT #0FF CURSTAT COFF #0DF CHROUT CDONE #0A0	; LESS THAN A SPACE MEANS IT'S A CTRL CHARACTER ; GO FIX THE CURSOR ; RECOVER CHARACTER ; BACK TO CALLER ; CHECK FOR CURSOR STATUS ; CURSOR IS OFF ; A SPACE ; REMOVE CURSOR ; A BACKSPACE (FIX POSITION) ; FIX THE CURSOR ON/OFF FLAG ; FORCED BRANCH (A = 0) ; SAVE THE CHARACTER ; COUNT DOWN TO 0 ; CURSOR STAYS AS IS ; SECOND TIMER ; TIMER #2 DELAY ; ON OR OFF? ; FLIP IT ; PUT IT BACK ; UNDERLINE
4132 4134 4136 4137 4138 413D 413F 4142 4144 4147 4149 414E 414F 4152 4154 4158 4160 4168 416D 416F 4171	C9 20 9002 68 60 AD 7A05 F0F9 A9 A0 20 EDFD A9 88 20 EDFD A9 00 8D 7A05 F0E8 48 CE FA06 D0E2 CE 7A07 D0DD A9 20 8D 7A07 AD 7A05 49 FF 8D 7A05 F007 A9 DF 20 EDFD D005 A9 A0 20 EDFD	CBLINK	CMP BCC PLA RTS LDA BEQ LDA JSR LDA STA BEQ PHA DEC BNE DEC BNE LDA STA LDA EOR STA BEQ LDA JSR LDA STA LDA LDA STA LDA LDA JSR LDA JSR LDA JSR	#20 SHUFFLE CURSTAT AOK #0A0 CHROUT #88 CHROUT #0 CURSTAT AOK BLINK1 AOK BLINK2 AOK #20 BLINK2 CURSTAT #0FF CURSTAT #0FF CURSTAT OFF #0DF CHROUT CDONE #0A0 CHROUT	; LESS THAN A SPACE MEANS IT'S A CTRL CHARACTER ; GO FIX THE CURSOR ; RECOVER CHARACTER ; BACK TO CALLER ; CHECK FOR CURSOR STATUS ; CURSOR IS OFF ; A SPACE ; REMOVE CURSOR ; A BACKSPACE (FIX POSITION) ; FIX THE CURSOR ON/OFF FLAG ; FORCED BRANCH (A = 0) ; SAVE THE CHARACTER ; COUNT DOWN TO 0 ; CURSOR STAYS AS IS ; SECOND TIMER ; TIMER #2 DELAY ; ON OR OFF? ; FLIP IT ; PUT IT BACK ; UNDERLINE ; FINISH UP HERE ; A SPACE
4132 4134 4136 4137 4138 413B 413D 4142 4144 4147 4149 414E 414F 4152 4158 4158 4161 4163 4166 4168 416A 4167 4171 4174	C9 20 9002 68 60 AD 7A05 F0F9 A9 A0 20 EDFD A9 88 20 EDFD A9 00 8D 7A05 F0E8 48 CE FA06 D0E2 CE 7A07 D0DD A9 20 8D 7A07 AD 7A05 49 FF 8D 7A05 F007 A9 DF 20 EDFD D005 A9 A0 20 EDFD A9 88	SHUFFLE	CMP BCC PLA RTS LDA BEQ LDA JSR LDA STA BEQ PHA DEC BNE DEC BNE LDA STA LDA STA LDA STA LDA STA LDA LDA STA LDA LDA LDA LDA LDA LDA LDA LDA LDA LD	#20 SHUFFLE CURSTAT AOK #0A0 CHROUT #88 CHROUT #0 CURSTAT AOK BLINK1 AOK BLINK2 AOK #20 BLINK2 CURSTAT #0FF CURSTAT #0FF CURSTAT OFF #0DF CHROUT CDONE #0A0 CHROUT #088	; LESS THAN A SPACE MEANS IT'S A CTRL CHARACTER ; GO FIX THE CURSOR ; RECOVER CHARACTER ; BACK TO CALLER ; CHECK FOR CURSOR STATUS ; CURSOR IS OFF ; A SPACE ; REMOVE CURSOR ; A BACKSPACE (FIX POSITION) ; FIX THE CURSOR ON/OFF FLAG ; FORCED BRANCH (A = 0) ; SAVE THE CHARACTER ; COUNT DOWN TO 0 ; CURSOR STAYS AS IS ; SECOND TIMER ; TIMER #2 DELAY ; ON OR OFF? ; FLIP IT ; PUT IT BACK ; UNDERLINE ; FINISH UP HERE
4132 4134 4136 4137 4138 413D 4142 4144 4147 4148 414E 414F 4152 4154 4155 4156 4161 4168 416A 416A 4171 4174	C9 20 9002 68 60 AD 7A05 F0F9 A9 A0 20 EDFD A9 88 20 EDFD A9 00 8D 7A05 F0E8 48 CE FA06 D0E2 CE 7A07 D0DD A9 20 8D 7A05 49 FF 8D 7A05 F007 A9 DF 20 EDFD D005 A9 A0 20 EDFD A9 88 20 EDFD	CBLINK	CMP BCC PLA RTS LDA BEQ LDA JSR LDA STA BEQ PHA DEC BNE DEC BNE LDA STA LDA JSR BNE LDA JSR LDA JSR	#20 SHUFFLE CURSTAT AOK #0A0 CHROUT #88 CHROUT #0 CURSTAT AOK BLINK1 AOK BLINK2 AOK #20 BLINK2 CURSTAT #0FF CURSTAT #0FF CURSTAT OFF #0DF CHROUT CDONE #0A0 CHROUT	; LESS THAN A SPACE MEANS IT'S A CTRL CHARACTER ; GO FIX THE CURSOR ; RECOVER CHARACTER ; BACK TO CALLER ; CHECK FOR CURSOR STATUS ; CURSOR IS OFF ; A SPACE ; REMOVE CURSOR ; A BACKSPACE (FIX POSITION) ; FIX THE CURSOR ON/OFF FLAG ; FORCED BRANCH (A = 0) ; SAVE THE CHARACTER ; COUNT DOWN TO 0 ; CURSOR STAYS AS IS ; SECOND TIMER ; TIMER #2 DELAY ; ON OR OFF? ; FLIP IT ; PUT IT BACK ; UNDERLINE ; FINISH UP HERE ; A SPACE ; BACKSPACE
4132 4134 4136 4137 4138 413D 413F 4142 4144 4147 4149 414E 4152 4154 4157 4158 4161 4163 4166 416A 416F 4174 4176 4179	C9 20 9002 68 60 AD 7A05 F0F9 A9 A0 20 EDFD A9 88 20 EDFD A9 00 8D 7A05 F0E8 48 CE FA06 D0E2 CE 7A07 D0DD A9 20 8D 7A05 A9 A0 20 EDFD A9 DF 20 EDFD D005 A9 A0 20 EDFD A9 88 20 EDFD 68	CBLINK	CMP BCC PLA RTS LDA BEQ LDA JSR LDA STA BEQ PHA DEC BNE DEC BNE LDA STA LDA JSR LDA JSR LDA JSR LDA JSR PLA	#20 SHUFFLE CURSTAT AOK #0A0 CHROUT #88 CHROUT #0 CURSTAT AOK BLINK1 AOK BLINK2 AOK #20 BLINK2 CURSTAT #0FF CURSTAT #0FF CURSTAT OFF #0DF CHROUT CDONE #0A0 CHROUT #088	; LESS THAN A SPACE MEANS IT'S A CTRL CHARACTER ; GO FIX THE CURSOR ; RECOVER CHARACTER ; BACK TO CALLER ; CHECK FOR CURSOR STATUS ; CURSOR IS OFF ; A SPACE ; REMOVE CURSOR ; A BACKSPACE (FIX POSITION) ; FIX THE CURSOR ON/OFF FLAG ; FORCED BRANCH (A = 0) ; SAVE THE CHARACTER ; COUNT DOWN TO 0 ; CURSOR STAYS AS IS ; SECOND TIMER ; TIMER #2 DELAY ; ON OR OFF? ; FLIP IT ; PUT IT BACK ; UNDERLINE ; FINISH UP HERE ; A SPACE
4132 4134 4136 4137 4138 413D 4142 4144 4147 4148 414E 414F 4152 4154 4155 4156 4161 4168 416A 416A 4171 4174	C9 20 9002 68 60 AD 7A05 F0F9 A9 A0 20 EDFD A9 88 20 EDFD A9 00 8D 7A05 F0E8 48 CE FA06 D0E2 CE 7A07 D0DD A9 20 8D 7A05 49 FF 8D 7A05 F007 A9 DF 20 EDFD D005 A9 A0 20 EDFD A9 88 20 EDFD	CBLINK	CMP BCC PLA RTS LDA BEQ LDA JSR LDA STA BEQ PHA DEC BNE DEC BNE LDA STA LDA JSR BNE LDA JSR LDA JSR	#20 SHUFFLE CURSTAT AOK #0A0 CHROUT #88 CHROUT #0 CURSTAT AOK BLINK1 AOK BLINK2 AOK #20 BLINK2 CURSTAT #0FF CURSTAT #0FF CURSTAT OFF #0DF CHROUT CDONE #0A0 CHROUT #088	; LESS THAN A SPACE MEANS IT'S A CTRL CHARACTER ; GO FIX THE CURSOR ; RECOVER CHARACTER ; BACK TO CALLER ; CHECK FOR CURSOR STATUS ; CURSOR IS OFF ; A SPACE ; REMOVE CURSOR ; A BACKSPACE (FIX POSITION) ; FIX THE CURSOR ON/OFF FLAG ; FORCED BRANCH (A = 0) ; SAVE THE CHARACTER ; COUNT DOWN TO 0 ; CURSOR STAYS AS IS ; SECOND TIMER ; TIMER #2 DELAY ; ON OR OFF? ; FLIP IT ; PUT IT BACK ; UNDERLINE ; FINISH UP HERE ; A SPACE ; BACKSPACE
4132 4134 4136 4137 4138 413D 413F 4142 4144 4147 414E 414E 4152 4154 4155 4156 4166 4168 416A 416F 4171 4176 4179 417A	C9 20 9002 68 60 AD 7A05 F0F9 A9 A0 20 EDFD A9 88 20 EDFD A9 00 8D 7A05 F0E8 48 CE FA06 D0E2 CE 7A07 D0DD A9 20 8D 7A05 A9 A0 20 EDFD A9 DF 20 EDFD D005 A9 A0 20 EDFD A9 88 20 EDFD 68	CBLINK	CMP BCC PLA RTS LDA BEQ LDA JSR LDA STA BEQ PHA DEC BNE DEC BNE LDA STA LDA JSR LDA JSR LDA JSR LDA JSR PLA	#20 SHUFFLE CURSTAT AOK #0A0 CHROUT #88 CHROUT #0 CURSTAT AOK BLINK1 AOK BLINK2 AOK #20 BLINK2 CURSTAT #0FF CURSTAT #0FF CURSTAT OFF #0DF CHROUT CDONE #0A0 CHROUT #088	; LESS THAN A SPACE MEANS IT'S A CTRL CHARACTER ; GO FIX THE CURSOR ; RECOVER CHARACTER ; BACK TO CALLER ; CHECK FOR CURSOR STATUS ; CURSOR IS OFF ; A SPACE ; REMOVE CURSOR ; A BACKSPACE (FIX POSITION) ; FIX THE CURSOR ON/OFF FLAG ; FORCED BRANCH (A = 0) ; SAVE THE CHARACTER ; COUNT DOWN TO 0 ; CURSOR STAYS AS IS ; SECOND TIMER ; TIMER #2 DELAY ; ON OR OFF? ; FLIP IT ; PUT IT BACK ; UNDERLINE ; FINISH UP HERE ; A SPACE ; BACKSPACE

The following is a source listing for a Pascal demonstration program that shows Sup'r'terminal text capabilities, including modifying a character on the fly, while also running a color graphic program for true z screen operation.

```
{$LREMOUT:}
 1 2
                          program DEMO1;
{ Part of the M&R demo programs. Rev b - 21 Jun 80 - D. Sokol }
             1:D
             1:D
1:D
 34
     26
 5
     26
             1:D
 6
     26
             2:D
                       1 PROCEDURE POKE (VAR ADDR, DATA: INTEGER);
 7
     26
             3:D
                       3 FUNCTION PEEK (VAR ADDR: INTEGER): INTEGER;
             3:D
 8
     26
 9
     20
             1 : D
10
     20
             1:D
                               TYPE
11
     20
             1:D
                                  SCREENCOLOR=(none, white, black, reverse, radar,
                                                   blackl, green, violet, whitel, black2, orange, blue, white2);
12
     20
             1:D
13
     20
             1:D
14
     20
             2:D
                       1
                               PROCEDURE INITTURTLE;
                               PROCEDURE TURN (ANGLE: INTEGER);
15
     20
             3:D
                       1
16
     20
             4:D
                       1
                               PROCEDURE TURNTO (ANGLE: INTEGER);
17
     20
             5:D
                       1
                               PROCEDURE MOVE (DIST: INTEGER);
18
     20
                               PROCEDURE MOVETO (X,Y: INTEGER);
             6:D
     20
                               ! OCEDURE PENCOLOR (PENMODE: SCREENCOLOR);
19
             7:D
20
     20
             8:D
                               PROCEDURE TEXTMODE;
                               PROCEDURE GRAFMODE;
             9:D
21
     20
                       1
                               PROCEDURE FILLSCREEN (FILLCOLOR: SCREENCOLOR);
     20
            10:D
22
                       1
                               PROCEDURE VIEWPORT (LEFT, RIGHT, BOTTOM, TOP: INTEGER);
23
     20
            11:D
                       1
24
     20
            12:D
                        3
                               FUNCTION
                                            TURTLEX: INTEGER;
25
     20
                                            TURTLEY: INTEGER;
            13:D
                               FUNCTION
26
     20
            14:D
                               FUNCTION
                                            TURTLEANG: INTEGER;
                                            SCREENBIT(X,Y: INTEGER): BOOLEAN;
                       3
27
     20
            15:D
                               FUNCTION
                               PROCEDURE DRAWBLOCK (VAR SOURCE; ROWSIZE, XSKIP, YSKIP, WIDTH, HEIGHT,
28
     20
            16:D
                                                          XSCREEN, YSCREEN, MODE: INTEGER);
29
     20
            16:D
                       2
                               PROCEDURE WCHAR (CH: CHAR);
30
     20
            17:D
                       1
31
     20
            18:D
                       1
                               PROCEDURE WSTRING (S: STRING);
                               PROCEDURE CHARTYPE (MODE: INTEGER);
32
     20
            19:D
33
     20
            19:D
34
                       2 uses peekpoke, turtlegr;
      1
             1:D
35
             1:D
                       3 {$R-,I-
36
      1
             1:D
                        3 type BITS = packed array [0..7] of integer;
37
                                 SHAPE = packed array [0..23, 0..23] of boolean;
             1:D
38
             1:D
39
                        3 var S,U,P,R1,T,E,R2,M,I1,N,A,L : SHAPE;
             1:D
                     579
                                DELAY, ADDR, LEN, I, DATA, X, Y: integer;
40
      1
             1:D
                     586
                                BANNERFILE : file of SHAPE;
41
       1
             1:D
42
             1:D
                     934
                                CHARFILE : file of bits;
43
             1:D
                   1242
                                21,22,23,24,25,26,27,28,29,210,211,212,213,214,215 : BITS;
44
                    1362
                               HELLFREEZESOVER : boolean;
             1:D
45
             1:D
                   1363
                       1 procedure BACKGROUND;
46
             2:D
47
             2:0
                           begin
48
                              textmode:
             2:1
                              viewport (0,279,0,191); fillscreen (WHITE);
49
             2:1
50
             2:0
                      18
                           end;
51
             2:0
                      30
52
             3:D
                       1 procedure GETZ;
53
             3:0
                           begin
54
                             reset (CHARFILE, 'Z.CHARSET');
             3:1
                            reset(CHARFILE, 'Z.CHARSET');
Z1:=CHARFILE'; get(CHARFILE);
Z2:=CHARFILE'; get(CHARFILE);
Z3:=CHARFILE'; get(CHARFILE);
Z4:=CHARFILE'; get(CHARFILE);
Z5:=CHARFILE'; get(CHARFILE);
Z6:=CHARFILE'; get(CHARFILE);
Z7:=CHARFILE'; get(CHARFILE);
Z8:=CHARFILE'; get(CHARFILE);
Z9:=CHARFILE'; get(CHARFILE);
Z10:=CHARFILE'; get(CHARFILE);
Z11:=CHARFILE'; get(CHARFILE);
Z12:=CHARFILE'; get(CHARFILE);
55
       1
             3:1
                       20
56
             3:1
                       34
57
       1
             3:1
                       48
58
             3:1
                       62
                      76
59
             3:1
60
             3:1
61
                     104
             3:1
62
       1
             3:1
                     118
63
             3:1
                     132
64
             3:1
                     146
65
             3:1
                     160
                             Z12:=CHARFILE^; get(CHARFILE);
Z13:=CHARFILE^; get(CHARFILE);
66
       1
             3:1
                     174
67
       1
             3:1
                     188
68
                             Z14:=CHARFILE^; get(CHARFILE);
Z15:=CHARFILE^; get(CHARFILE);
             3:1
                     202
216
                             close(CHARFILE);
70
             3:1
                     230
71
       1
             3:0
                     237
                            end;
72
             3:0
                     250
73
       1
             4:D
                       1 procedure HOME;
74
             4:0
                            begin
75
             4:1
                       Ø
                             write(chr(12));
76
             4:0
                       8
77
             4:0
                       20
```

78

5:D

1 procedure CHANGEZ (FIGURE : BITS);

```
79
              5:D
                        10
                             var
                                      ROMON, ROMOFF, TEMP, I, ADDR, DATA: integer;
  80
               5:0
                         Ø
                             begin
  81
               5:1
                              ROMON: =-16206; ROMOFF: =-12209; TEMP: =0;
                              poke(ROMOFF,TEMP); poke(ROMON,TEMP);
for I:=0 to 7 do
               5:1
                        20
 82
               5:1
 83
                        34
 84
        1
               5:2
                        45
                              begin
                               ADDR:=-13360+1;
 85
        1
               5:3
                        45
  86
               5:3
                        53
                                DATA:=FIGURE[I];
                        61
  87
               5:3
                               poke (ADDR, DATA);
  88
               5:2
                        68
                              end:
 89
               5:0
                        75
                             end:
               5:0
                        90
 90
        1
 91
                         1 procedure SETSCREEN;
        1
               6:D
 92
               6:D
                             var I : integer;
  93
               6:0
                             begin
  94
               6:1
                              HOME; CHANGEZ (Z15);
  95
               6:1
                              for I:=1 to 23 do writeln(
  96
                        18
        1
               6:2
                           97
               6:0
                      119
        1
                             end:
  98
               6:0
                      134
 99
               6:0
                      134
100
               7:D
                        1 procedure MESSWITH;
               7:D
101
                             var I : integer;
102
               7:0
                             begin
103
        1
               7:1
                         0
                              for I:=12 downto 1 do
               7:2
104
                        11
        1
                              begin
105
        1
               7:3
                        11
                                 fillscreen (reverse);
106
               7:3
                        15
                                 case I of
107
               7:3
                                1: CHANGEZ (Z1);
                        18
108
               7:3
                        25
                                2: CHANGEZ (Z2);
109
               7:3
                        32
                                3: CHANGEZ (Z3);
110
                        39
        1
               7:3
                                4: CHANGEZ (Z4):
              7:3
                        46
111
                                5: CHANGEZ (25);
        1
112
        1
               7:3
                        53
                                6: CHANGEZ (Z6);
113
        1
               7:3
                        60
                                7: CHANGEZ (27);
114
               7:3
                        67
                                8: CHANGEZ (Z8);
115
               7:3
                        74
                                9: CHANGEZ (Z9);
116
        1
               7:3
                        81
                                10: CHANGEZ (Z10);
                        88
117
        1
               7:3
                                11: CHANGEZ (Z11);
118
               7:3
                        95
                                12: CHANGEZ (Z12);
119
               7:3
                      102
                                end; end;
120
               7:0
                      141
                             end:
121
               7:0
                      158
122
        1
              7:0
                      158
123
              8:D
                             procedure WRITEBANNER;
124
              8:0
                         0
                              begin
125
                               X:=0; Y:=90; pencolor(none); moveto(75,120); chartype(5);
        1
              8:1
                         a
126
        1
              8:1
                        21
                                pencolor(white); wstring('M & R Enterprises');
127
        1
              8:1
                        48
                                viewport (0,279,90,114); fillscreen(blue);
128
                                drawblock (S, 4, 0, 0, 24, 24, X, Y, 6); X:=X+24;
               8:1
                        61
                               drawblock(U,4,0,0,24,24,X,Y,6); X:=X+24;
drawblock(P,4,0,0,24,24,X,Y,6); X:=X+24;
129
                        87
              8:1
130
              8:1
                      113
131
        1
              8:1
                      139
                                drawblock (R1,4,0,0,24,24,X,Y,6); X:=X+24;
132
              8:1
                      165
                                drawblock (T, 4, 0, 0, 24, 24, X, Y, 6); X:=X+24;
133
        1
              8:1
                      191
                                drawblock (E, 4, 0, 0, 24, 24, X, Y, 6); X:=X+24;
                               drawblock(R2,4,0,0,24,24,X,Y,6); X:=X+24; drawblock(M,4,0,0,24,24,X,Y,6); X:=X+24; drawblock(I1,4,0,0,24,24,X,Y,6); X:=X+24;
134
                      217
              8:1
135
              8:1
                      243
136
              8:1
                      269
137
              8:1
                      295
                                drawblock(N, 4, 0, 0, 24, 24, X, Y, 6); X:=X+24;
138
              8:1
                      320
                                drawblock (A, 4, 0, 0, 24, 24, X, Y, 6); X:=X+24;
139
                                drawblock (L, 4, 0, 0, 24, 24, X, Y, 6); X:=X+24;
        1
              8:1
                      345
140
                      370
                                grafmode:
        1
              8:1
141
        1
              8:0
                      373
                              end;
142
              8:0
                      386
                             procedure GETBANNER;
143
              9:D
144
              9:0
        1
                              begin
                                reset (BANNERFILE, 'BANER. CHARSET');
145
        1
              9:1
                         Ø
                               reset (BANNERFILE, 'BANER. CHARSET')
S:=BANNERFILE'; get (BANNERFILE);
U:=BANNERFILE'; get (BANNERFILE);
R1:=BANNERFILE'; get (BANNERFILE);
T:=BANNERFILE'; get (BANNERFILE);
E:=BANNERFILE'; get (BANNERFILE);
R2:=BANNERFILE'; get (BANNERFILE);
M:=BANNERFILE'; get (BANNERFILE);
I1:=BANNERFILE'; get (BANNERFILE);
IN:=BANNERFILE'; get (BANNERFILE);
146
        1
              9:1
                        24
147
              9:1
148
              9:1
                        52
149
              9:1
                       66
150
        1
              9:1
                       80
151
        1
              9:1
                       94
                      108
152
        1
              9:1
153
              9:1
                      122
154
              9:1
                      136
                               N:=BANNERFILE^; get(BANNERFILE);
A:=BANNERFILE^; get(BANNERFILE);
155
              9:1
                      150
156
              9:1
                      163
157
              9:1
                      176
                                L:=BANNERFILE^
158
              9:1
                      183
                               close (BANNERFILE);
159
        1
              9:0
                      190
160
              9:0
                      202
161
             10:D
                           procedure INVERT(var ADR, LEN : integer);
162
             10:0
                             begin
163
             10:1
                              ADDR:=-12289; DATA:=0; poke(ADDR,DATA); { CFFF rom off }
164
        1
             10:1
                        20
                              ADDR:=-16204; poke(ADDR,DATA); { bank 2 on }
                              ADDR:=-14336+ADR; { C800+ADR }
165
                       36
        1
             10:1
                              for I:=ADDR to ADDR+LEN do
                                                                                                                               40
166
             10:1
                        46
167
        1
             10:2
                       67
                              begin
```

```
168
            10:3
                     67
                           DATA:=peek(I)+64; poke(I,DATA);
169
            10:2
                     89
       1
                          end:
170
            10:0
       1
                     99
                          end:
171
       1
            10:0
                    114
172
       1
            11:D
                     1 procedure MROFF;
173
       1
            11:D
                      1
                          var ADDR, DATA : integer;
174
            11:0
                          begin
175
            11:1
                          ADDR:=-16202; DATA:=0:
176
            11:1
                          poke (ADDR, DATA);
177
            11:0
                     16
                        end:
178
            11:0
                     28
179
            12:D
                      1 procedure MRON;
180
       1
            12:D
                          var ADDR, DATA: integer;
181
       1
            12:0
                      G
182
            12:1
                          ADDR:=-12289; DATA:=0;
183
            12:1
                           poke (ADDR, DATA);
184
            12:1
                     16
                          ADDR:=-16202; poke(ADDR,DATA);
185
            12:0
                     29
                        end:
186
       1
            12:0
                     42
187
       1
            13.D
                     1 procedure FEATURES;
188
       1
            13:0
                      Ø begin
189
            13:1
       1
                      Ø write(chr(12));
190
            13:1
                      8 gotoxy(32,1); write('FEATURES');
                     31 gotoxy(5,3); write(
36 '1.80 Character, 24 Line, Upper and Lower case characters.');
191
            13:1
192
            13:1
193
                   104 gotoxy(5,5); write(
109 '2. Fully PASCAL compatable - no software modifications needed.');
       1
           13:1
194
       1
            13:1
195
       1
           13:1
                    181 gotoxy(5,7); write(
196
       1
            13:1
                    186 '3. Allows two screen operation - SUP'R' TERMINAL and HIRES graphics.');
                   263 gotoxy(5,9); write(
268 '4. User programable character set - 128 characters available !');
197
           13:1
198
       1
           13:1
199
       1
           13:1
                    340 gotoxy(5,11); write(
200
           13:1
                   345 '5. User selectable cursor - including no cursor.');
403 gotoxy(5,13); write(
408 '6. Direct cursor addressing - From PASCAL use the GOTOXY intrinsic.');
       ī
201
           13:1
202
       1
           13:1
                   485 gotoxy(35,14); write(
490 'From BASIC use CTRL-SHIFT-N.');
203
       1
           13:1
204
           13:1
                   528 gotoxy(5,16); write(
533 '7. NORMAL and INVERTED characters are available');
205
           13:1
206
      × 1
           13:1
207
           13:1
       1
                   590 X:=(16*80)+18; LEN:=8; INVERT(X,LEN);
208
       1
           13:1
                   610 gotoxy(5,18); write(
209
       1
           13:1
                   615 '8. Adds lower case capability to the APPLE keyboard.');
                   677 gotoxy(5,20); write(
682 '9. Low cost - $395 list.');
210
       1
           13:1
211
           13:1
212
           13:0
       1
                   716 end;
213
       1
           13:0
                    728
214
       1
           14:D
                    3 function TIMEOUT : boolean;
215
       1
           14:0
                      Ø
           14:1
216
                          if DELAY=0 then TIMEOUT:=true else TIMEOUT:=false;
217
           14:1
                          DELAY: =DELAY-1;
                    15
218
           14:0
       1
                     23
                         end:
           14:0
219
       1
                     36
220
       1
           15:D
                     1
                        procedure POSITION;
221
       1
           15:0
                         begin
222
       1
           15:1
                      0
                          ADDR:=-16200; DATA:=14; poke(ADDR,DATA);
                          ADDR:=-16199; DATA:=4; poke(ADDR,DATA);
223
       1
           15:1
224
           15:1
                     40
                          ADDR:=-16200; DATA:=15; poke(ADDR,DATA);
           15:1
225
                          ADDR:=-16199; DATA:=210; poke(ADDR,DATA);
       1
                    60
226
       1
           15:0
                    82
                         end;
227
      1
           15:0
                    94
228
           16:D
       1
                        procedure CURSOR;
229
      1
           16:D
                      1
                         var C : integer;
230
           16:0
                         begin
231
           16:1
                      0
                          writeln:
232
      1
           16:1
                          for C:=0 to 6 do case C of
                      6
233
      1
           16:2
                    20
                          0: begin gotoxy(12,12); write(chr(26));
234
      1
           16:4
                    33
                              write('An underlining cursor flashing 4 times a second.');
235
      1
           16:4
                    91
                              POSITION; ADDR:=-16200; DATA:=10; poke(ADDR,DATA);
236
       1
           16:4
                   113
                              ADDR:=-16199; DATA:=71; poke(ADDR,DATA);
237
           16:4
                   133
                              DELAY: =50; repeat fillscreen(reverse); until TIMEOUT;
238
           16:3
                   147
                            end:
239
      1
           16:2
                   149
                          1:begin gotoxy(12,12); write(chr(26));
240
      1
           16:4
                   162
                              write('A box cursor flashing 4 times a second.');
241
       1
           16:4
                   211
                              POSITION; ADDR:=-16200; DATA:=10; poke(ADDR,DATA);
242
      1
           16:4
                   233
                              ADDR:=-16199; DATA:=64; poke(ADDR, DATA);
243
      1
           16:4
                   253
                              DELAY: =50; repeat fillscreen(reverse); until TIMEOUT;
244
           16:3
                   267
                            end;
245
      1
           16:2
                   269
                          2:begin gotoxy(12,12); write(chr(26));
246
      1
           16:4
                   282
                              write('An underlining cursor with no flashing.');
247
           16:4
      1
                   331
                              POSITION; ADDR:=-16200; DATA:=10; poke(ADDR,DATA);
248
      1
           16:4
                   353
                              ADDR:=-16199; DATA:=7; poke(ADDR, DATA);
249
      1
           16:4
                   373
                              DELAY: =50; repeat fillscreen(reverse); until TIMEOUT;
250
      1
           16:3
                   387
                            end:
251
           16:2
                   389
                          3: begin gotoxy(12,12); write(chr(26));
252
      1
           16:4
                   402
                              write('A box cursor with no flashing.');
253
      1
           16:4
                   442
                             POSITION; ADDR:=-16200; DATA:=10; poke(ADDR,DATA);
254
      1
           16:4
                   464
                              ADDR:=-16199; DATA:=0; poke(ADDR, DATA);
255
      1
           16:4
                   484
                             DELAY: =50; repeat fillscreen(reverse); until TIMEOUT;
256
           16:3
                   498
257
      1
           16:2
                   500
                          4: begin gotoxy(12,12); write(chr(26));
```

```
258
       1
           16.4
                   513
                             write('An underlining cursor flashing 2 times a second.');
259
           16:4
                   571
                             POSITION; ADDR:=-16200; DATA:=10; poke(ADDR,DATA);
       1
                             ADDR:=-16199; DATA:=103; poke(ADDR,DATA);
260
           16:4
                   593
                   613
                             DELAY: =50; repeat fillscreen(reverse); until TIMEOUT;
261
           16:4
           16:3
                   627
262
       1
                            end:
                   629
263
       1
           16:2
                          5: begin gotoxy(12,12); write(chr(26));
                             write('A box cursor flashing 2 times a second.');
264
       1
           16:4
                   642
265
           16:4
                   691
                             POSITION; ADDR:=-16200; DATA:=10; poke(ADDR, DATA);
266
       1
           16:4
                   713
                             ADDR:=-16199; DATA:=96; poke(ADDR,DATA);
267
       1
           16:4
                   733
                             DELAY: =50; repeat fillscreen(reverse); until TIMEOUT;
                   747
268
           16:3
                            end:
       1
269
           16:2
                   749
                          6: begin gotoxy(12,12); write(chr(26));
270
           16:4
                   762
                             write('No cursor !');
                             POSITION; ADDR:=-16200; DATA:=10; poke(ADDR,DATA);
271
       1
           16:4
                   783
                             ADDR:=-16199; DATA:=32; poke(ADDR,DATA);
272
           16:4
           16:4
273
       1
                   825
                             DELAY: =50; repeat fillscreen(reverse); until TIMEOUT;
274
           16:3
       1
                   839
                            end:
                          end; { case }
end; { procedure }
275
       1
           16:2
                   841
276
       1
           16:0
                   869
277
       1
           16:0
                   904
278
       1
           17:D
                        procedure ANYWHERE;
                     1
279
       1
           17:D
                     1
                         var ST : string;
280
       1
           17:D
                    42
                            J,K : integer;
281
       1
           17:0
                     0
                         begin
                          ST:=' * * * M & R Enterprises SUP''R''TERMINAL * * * ';
282
           17:1
283
       1
           17:1
                    53
                          J:=length(ST);
284
      1
           17:1
                    59
                          for K:=1 to (J div 2) do
285
      1
           17:2
                    75
                          begin
286
      1
           17:3
                    75
                           gotoxy(14+K,9); write(ST[K]);
287
      1
           17:3
                    95
                           fillscreen (reverse); fillscreen (reverse);
288
      1
           17:3
                   103
                           gotoxy(14+J-K,9); write(ST[J-K]);
289
      1
           17:3
                   129
                           fillscreen(reverse); fillscreen(reverse);
290
      1
           17:2
                   137
                          end:
291
      1
           17:0
                   145
                         end;
292
      1
           17:0
                   160
293
      1
           18 . D
                     1
                       procedure SCROLL;
294
      1
           18:D
                         var K,J,L : integer;
295
      1
           18:D
                     4
                             ST : string[96];
296
      1
           18:0
297
      1
           18:1
                          write(chr(20),chr(84),chr(41)); writeln; { LINF 9 }
                     a
      1
                         write(chr(20),chr(66),chr(50)); writeln; { LINE 20 }
298
           18:1
                    30
299
      1
           18:1
                    60
                          for K:=32 to 127 do
300
      1
           18:2
                    72
                          ST[K-31]:=chr(K);
301
      1
           18:1
                    86
                          L:=1; gotoxy(0,9);
302
      1
           18:1
                    94
                          repeat
303
           18:2
                    94
                           J:=L; for K:=0 to 79 do
304
      1
           18:3
                   109
                           begin
305
      1
           18:4
                   109
                            write(ST[J]);
           18:4
306
      1
                   120
                            J := (J \text{ MOD } 94) + 1;
307
      1
           18:3
                   127
                            end;
308
      1
           18:2
                   134
                           L:=(L MOD 94) + 1; fillscreen(reverse)
309
      1
           18:1
                   142
                         until TIMEOUT;
                   151
                        end;
310
      1
           18:0
311
      1
           18:0
                   170
                       procedure ONEATATIME:
312
      1
           19:D
                     1
      1
313
           19:D
                     1
                        var DEMO : integer;
314
      1
           19:0
                     a
                        begin
315
      1
           19:1
                          for DEMO := 1 to 6 do begin
316
      1
           19:3
                    11
317
           19:3
                    13
                         gotoxy(5,5);
318
      1
           19:3
                    18
                          case DEMO of
                         l:begin write('1. 80 Character, 24 Line, Upper and Lower case characters.');
gotoxy(8,6); write('With user selectable scrolling window.');
319
      1
           19:3
                    21
320
           19:5
                    89
      1
321
      1
           19:5
                   142
                                  writeln; writeln; DELAY:=100; SCROLL;
322
      1
           19:5
                   160
                                   write(chr(20),chr(82)); { resets suprterminal }
323
      1
           19:4
                   176
                            end;
324
           19:3
                   178
                          2:begin
325
           19:5
                   178
      1
                              writeln('2. Fully PASCAL compatable - no software modifications needed.');
                              writeln('
326
           19:5
      1
                   256
                                                 This demonstration program was written in PASCAL.');
327
           19:5
                              MROFF; DELAY:=75; repeat fillscreen(reverse) until TIMEOUT; MRON;
      1
                   329
328
      1
           19:4
                   347
                            end;
329
      1
           19:3
                   349
                         3:begin
           19:5
330
      1
                   349
                             write (
331
      1
           19:5
                   349
                             '3. Allows two screen operation - SUP''R''TERMINAL and HIRES graphics.');
           19:5
332
                   426
                              MROFF; DELAY: =60; repeat fillscreen(reverse) until TIMEOUT; MRON;
      1
                            end:
334
      1
           19:3
                   446
                         4:begin SETSCREEN; DELAY:=9; gotoxy(5,5); write(
           19:5
335
      1
                   457
                                    4. User programable character set - 128 characters available ! ');
336
      1
           19:5
                   531
                                   repeat MESSWITH; until TIMEOUT;
337
      1
           19:5
                   539
                                  write(chr(20),chr(82)); { resets suprterminal }
338
      1
           19:4
                   555
           19:3
339
      1
                   557
                         5: begin write('5. User selectable cursor - including no cursor.');
340
           19:5
                   615
                                  CURSOR:
341
      1
           19:4
                  617
                           end:
342
           19:3
      1
                  619
                         6: begin
343
      1
           19:5
                   619
                          write('6. Direct cursor addressing - From PASCAL use the GOTOXY intrinsic.');
344
      1
           19:5
                   696
                           ANYWHERE; DELAY:=100; MROFF; repeat fillscreen(reverse); until TIMEOUT;
345
           19:5
                   714
                           MRON;
346
      1
           19:4
                   716
                           end;
                                                                                                            42
```

19:3

718

end; { case end }

```
19:3
                      738
                              fillscreen (reverse);
349
        1
             19:2
                      742
                             end; { for loop
350
             19:0
       1
                      749 end; { procedure }
351
        1
             19:0
                      778
352
        1
             19:0
                      778
                             { main }
353
              1:0
        1
                         0 begin
354
        1
              1:1
                         0
                            HELLFREEZESOVER:=false;
355
        1
              1:1
                        26
                             GETBANNER:
356
        1
                        28
              1:1
                             GETZ:
357
        1
                             INITTURTLE:
              1:1
                        30
358
        1
              1:1
                        33
                            BACKGROUND .
359
        1
              1:1
                        35
                            WRITEBANNER;
                        37 repeat
360
        1
              1:1
361
        1
                        37
                            HOME;
              1:2
362
              1:2
                        39
                            for I:=1 to 35 do begin DELAY:=40; MROFF; repeat until TIMEOUT; MRON; end;
363
        1
                             FEATURES; X:=32+80; LEN:=8;
              1:2
                        80
364
        1
              1 . 2
                        92
                            DELAY: =250:
365
        1
                       98
              1:2
                             repeat INVERT(X,LEN); fillscreen(reverse); until TIMEOUT;
366
        1
              1 . 2
                      116
                             ONEATATIME;
367
        1
              1:2
                      118 write(chr(20),chr(82)); { resets suprterminal }
368
        1
              1:1
                      134 until HELLFREEZESOVER;
              1:0
                      139 end.
              1:D
                         1 (*$LREMOUT:*)
                         1 (* THIS PROGRAM TAKES INPUT FROM THE
1 KEYBOARD AND GENERATES THE FILE Z.CHARSET
              1:D
  3
              1:D
  4
        1
              1:D
                         1 THE FILE IS USED TO MODIFY THE CHARACTER 'z'
  5
              1:D
                         1 TO MAKE IT APPEAR TO ROTATE *)
  6
       1
              1:D
                         1 PROGRAM MAKEZFILE;
        1
              1:D
  8
       1
              1:D
                         3 TYPE BITS = PACKED ARRAY[0..7] of integer;
  q
       1
              1:D
                         3 var charfile : file of bits;
 10
       1
              1:D
                      311
                                 Z1,Z2,Z3,Z4,Z5,Z6,Z7,Z8,Z9,Z10,Z11,Z12,Z13,Z14,Z15 : BITS;
                                 P,I,K : INTEGER;
 11
       1
              1:D
                      431
 12
        1
              1 : D
                                 T : PACKED ARRAY [0..7] OF INTEGER;
                      434
 13
       1
              1 : D
                      442
       1
 14
              2:D
                        1 PROCEDURE SAVEZ;
 15
       1
              2:0
                         0
 16
       1
              2:1
                         0
                              REWRITE (CHARFILE, 'Z.CHARSET');
                              REMRITE (CHARFILE, 'Z.CHARSET')
CHARFILE^:=Z1; PUT (CHARFILE);
CHARFILE^:=Z2; PUT (CHARFILE);
CHARFILE^:=Z3; PUT (CHARFILE);
CHARFILE^:=Z4; PUT (CHARFILE);
CHARFILE^:=Z5; PUT (CHARFILE);
CHARFILE^:=Z6; PUT (CHARFILE);
 17
       1
              2:1
                        21
 18
       1
              2:1
                       34
 19
       1
              2:1
                        47
 20
       1
              2:1
                       60
 21
       1
              2:1
                       73
 22
       1
              2:1
                       86
                              CHARFILE^:=Z7; PUT(CHARFILE);
CHARFILE^:=Z8; PUT(CHARFILE);
 23
        1
                       99
              2:1
 24
       1
              2:1
                      112
                              CHARFILE := Z8; PUT (CHARFILE);
CHARFILE := Z9; PUT (CHARFILE);
CHARFILE := Z10; PUT (CHARFILE);
CHARFILE := Z11; PUT (CHARFILE);
CHARFILE := Z12; PUT (CHARFILE);
CHARFILE := Z13; PUT (CHARFILE);
 25
       1
              2:1
                      125
 26
       1
              2:1
                      138
 27
       1
              2:1
                      151
 28
       1
              2:1
                      164
 29
       1
              2:1
                      177
                              CHARFILE^:=Z14; PUT (CHARFILE);
CHARFILE^:=Z15; PUT (CHARFILE);
 30
       1
              2:1
                      190
 31
       1
              2:1
                      203
 32
       1
              2:1
                      216
                              CLOSE (CHARFILE, LOCK);
 33
       1
              2:0
                      224
                            END:
 34
       1
              2:0
                      236
 35
       1
              3:D
                        1 PROCEDURE READZ;
 36
       1
              3:0
                            BEGIN
 37
       1
              3:1
                        0
                              FOR I: =0 TO 7 DO BEGIN
 38
       1
              3:3
                       14
                               WRITE('CHAR #',K,' LINE ',I,' - '); READLN(T[I]);
 39
       1
              3:2
                      116
                              END:
 40
       1
              3:1
                      126
                             K := K+1 :
 41
       1
              3:0
                      134
                           END;
 42
       1
              3:0
                      148
                       1 PROCEDURE XCNG;
 43
       1
              4:D
 44
       1
              4:0
                        0
                            BEGIN
 45
       1
              4:1
                            CASE P OF
                        Ø
 46
       1
              4:1
                         5
                            1:21:=T;
 47
       1
              4:1
                       15
                            2: Z2: =T;
 48
       1
              4:1
                       25
                            3: Z3: =T;
 49
       1
              4:1
                       35
                             4: Z4: =T;
                            5: Z5:=T;
 50
       1
              4:1
                       45
 51
       1
              4:1
                       55
                            6:26:=T;
 52
       1
              4:1
                       65
                            7: 77: =T:
 53
       1
              4:1
                       75
                            8:Z8:=T;
 54
                            9:29:=T;
       1
              4:1
                       85
 55
       1
              4:1
                       95
                           10:210:=T;
 56
       1
              4:1
                      105
                            11:Z11:=T;
 57
              4:1
                      115
                            12:212:=T;
 58
              4:1
                      125
                            13:213:=T:
 59
       1
              4:1
                      135
                           14:Z14:=T:
 60
       1
              4:1
                      145
                            15:Z15:=T;
       1
 61
              4:1
                      155
                           END;
 62
       1
              4:0
                      192 END;
              4:0
 63
                      208
 64
              5:D
                       1 PROCEDURE DOIT;
 65
             .5:0
                        Ø BEGIN
```

5:1

Ø FOR P:=1 TO 15 DO BEGIN

```
14 WRITE (CHR (140)):
 67
             1
                         5:3
                                                   READZ;
 68
             1
                         5:3
                                          26
 69
70
             1
                         5:3
                                          28
                                                   XCNG:
                         5:2
                                           30
                                                    END:
  71
                         5:0
                                           40 END:
             1
  72
             1
                         5:0
                                          54
                                                   (* MAIN *)
  73
             1
                         5:0
                                          54
  74
                         1:0
                                             Ø BEGIN
  75
                                            0
                                                  K := 1 :
             1
                         1:1
  76
                                          15 DOIT:
                         1:1
             1
                                                   SAVEZ:
  77
             1
                         1:1
                                          17
                                          19 END.
  78
             1
                         1:0
        1
                         1:D
                                            1 (*$LREMOUT:*)
1 program MAKEBANNER;
                 1
   2
   3
                         1:D
   4
            1
                         1 : D
                                            3 type SHAPE = packed array [\emptyset..23, \emptyset..23] of boolean;
   5
            1
                         1 : D
   6
            1
                         1:D
                                            3 var S,U,P,R1,T,E,R2,M,I1,N,A,L : SHAPE;
   7
            1
                        1:D
                                       579
                                                          I, J, ROW : integer;
   8
                                                          BIT : boolean;
                         1:D
   9
            1
                                       583
                         1:D
                                                          BANNERFILE : file of SHAPE;
 10
            1
                         1:D
                                       931
 11
                         2:D
                                           1
                                                procedure MAKESHAPES(var BITMAP: SHAPE; ST:string);
 12
            1
                         2:0
                                            Ø
 13
                         2:1
                                                     for J:=1 to 24 do
 14
                         2:2
                                          20
                                                      begin
 15
                         2:3
                                          20
                                                       BIT: = (ST[J] <> ' '):
 16
            1
                         2:3
                                          32
                                                        BITMAP[ROW,J-1]:=BIT;
 17
            1
                         2:2
                                          56
                                                      end;
 18
            1
                         2:1
                                          66
                                                    ROW := ROW - 1;
 19
            1
                         2:0
                                          74
                                                   end;
 20
            1
                         2:0
                                         88
 21
                                                   procedure PUTBANNER;
                         3:D
 22
                         3:0
                                                     begin
 23
            1
                                           0
                                                        rewrite (BANNERFILE, 'BANER. CHARSET');
                         3:1
                                                       BANNERFILE^:=S; put(BANNERFILE);
BANNERFILE^:=U; put(BANNERFILE);
BANNERFILE^:=P; put(BANNERFILE);
BANNERFILE^:=R1; put(BANNERFILE);
 24
            1
                         3:1
                                         26
 25
            1
                         3:1
                                          42
 26
            1
                         3:1
                                         58
 27
                                         74
                         3:1
                                                       BANNERFILE := T; put (BANNERFILE);
BANNERFILE := E; put (BANNERFILE);
                                         90
 28
                         3:1
 29
                         3:1
                                       106
                                                       BANNERFILE :=E; put (BANNERFILE);
BANNERFILE^:=R2; put (BANNERFILE);
BANNERFILE^:=M; put (BANNERFILE);
BANNERFILE^:=I1; put (BANNERFILE);
BANNERFILE^:=N; put (BANNERFILE);
BANNERFILE^:=A; put (BANNERFILE);
 30
            1
                         3:1
                                       122
 31
            1
                        3:1
                                       138
 32
                         3:1
                                       154
33
            1
                         3:1
                                       170
 34
                        3:1
                                       185
                                                       BANNERFILE := L; put (BANNERFILE);
 35
                        3:1
                                       200
 36
                                                       close(BANNERFILE,lock);
                        3:1
                                       215
 37
            1
                        3:0
                                       224
                                                     end:
38
            1
                        3:0
                                       236
39
            1
                        4:D
                                           1
                                                   procedure INIT1;
40
            1
                        4:0
                                           Ø
                                                   begin
41
                        4:1
                                                     ROW: =23;
                                                     MAKESHAPES(S, '
                                                                                           · · · · · ·
                                                                                                                                                 1);
42
                        4:1
                                                     MAKE SHAPES (S, MAKE SHAPES (S
43
            1
                        4:1
                                         36
                                                                                                x \times x \times x
44
                                         68
                                                                                           х х
            1
                                                                                                                   х х
                        4:1
45
            1
                        4:1
                                       100
                                                                                           Х
                                                     MAKESHAPES (S, 'X
                                                                                                                                                 ');
46
            1
                        4:1
                                      132
47
            1
                        4:1
                                      164
                                                     MAKESHAPES (S, 'X
48
                        4:1
                                      196
                                                     MAKESHAPES (S, 'X
49
                                                     MAKE SHAPES (S, 'X
                                                                                                                                                 ');
                        4:1
                                       228
                                                     MAKESHAPES (S, '
                                                                                                                                                 ');
50
            1
                        4:1
                                       260
                                                     MAKESHAPES(S, MAKESHAPES(S,
51
                                       292
            1
                        4:1
                                                                                           Х
52
            1
                        4:1
                                       324
                                                                                                X X X X X
                                                     MAKESHAPES (S,
53
            1
                        4:1
                                       356
                                                                                                X X X X X
                                                                                                                                                 ');
54
            1
                        4:1
                                       388
                                                     MAKE SHAPES (S, '
                                                                                                                                                 ');
55
            1
                                      420
                                                     MAKESHAPES (S, '
                                                                                                                                                 ');
                        4:1
56
           1
                        4:1
                                      452
                                                     MAKESHAPES(S,
                                                                                                                                                 ;
                                                     MAKE SHAPES (S,
57
            1
                        4:1
                                      484
                                                     MAKESHAPES (S,
                                                                                                                                                 ');
58
            1
                        4:1
                                      515
                                                     MAKESHAPES (S,
                                                                                                                                                 ');
59
            1
                        4:1
                                      548
                                                                                                                             Х
                                                                                                                                                 1);
                                                     MAKESHAPES (S, '
60
           1
                        4:1
                                      580
61
            1
                        4:1
                                      612
                                                     MAKESHAPES (S, '
                                                                                                                                                 ');
                                                                                           х х
                                                                                                                   X \quad X
62
                        4:1
                                      644
                                                     MAKESHAPES (S,
                                                                                                X \times X \times X
                                                                                                                                                 ');
63
                        4:1
                                      676
                                                     MAKESHAPES (S, '
                                                                                                    XXX
                                                                                                                                                 ');
64
            1
                                      708
                                                    MAKESHAPES (S,
                        4:1
65
            1
                        4:1
                                      740
                                                     MAKESHAPES (S,
                                                                                                                                                 ');
                                                    ROW: =23;
66
           1
                        4:1
                                      772
67
            1
                        4:1
                                      776
                                                     for I := 1 to 16 do
                                                     MAKESHAPES(U,'X
MAKESHAPES(U,'X X
68
            1
                        4:2
                                      790
                                                                                                                                                 ');
69
            1
                        4:1
                                      832
                                                                                                                                                 1);
70
            1
                        4:1
                                      864
                                                     MAKE SHAPES (U,
                                                                                                                   Х
                                                                                                                                                 1);
                                                     MAKESHAPES (U,
71
            1
                        4:1
                                      896
                                                                                           х х
                                                                                                              х х
                                                                                                                                                 1);
                                                    MAKESHAPES (U, 'MAKESHAPES (U, '
72
                                      928
                                                                                                                                                 ');
                        4:1
                                                                                           ХХ
                                                                                                              X X
            1
73
                        4:1
                                      960
                                                                                                X \quad X \quad X \quad X
                                                                                                                                                ٠);
                                                    MAKE SHAPES (U, 'MAKE SHAPES (U, '
74
                                      992
                                                                                                                                                ');
            1
                       4:1
                                                                                                X X X X
75
                                   1024
                                                                                                                                                ');
            1
                        4:1
```

4:1

1056

MAKE SHAPES (U, '

```
4:0
                                        1088
                                                       end;
  78
              1
                            4:0
                                         1102
                                                         procedure INIT2;
                            5 : D
 79
                                              1
              1
                                                         begin
                            5:0
                                                 0
 80
              1
 81
               1
                            5:1
                                                O
                                                         ROW: =23:
                                                          ');
                            5:1
                                                 4
                                                                                                                                                               ١);
                            5:1
                                              36
  83
                                                                                                                                                               ');
                                                          MAKE SHAPES (P, 'X
MAKE SHAPES (P, 'X
MAKE SHAPES (P, 'X
for I:= 1 to 3 do
MAKE SHAPES (P, 'X
                                              68
                            5:1
                                                                                                                                                                ');
                            5:1
                                            100
 85
              1
                                                                                                                                                                1);
                                           132
                            5:1
 86
             1
  87
              1
                            5:1
                                            164
                                                                                                                                                               ');
  88
               1
                            5:2
                                            178
                                                                                                                                    X
                                                          MAKE SHAPES (P, 'X MAKE SHAPES (P, 'X
                                                                                                                                                               1);
  89
                            5:1
                                            220
                                                                                                                               Х
                                                                                                                                                               1);
                                            252
                                                                                                                               Х
  90
                            5:1
                                                          MAKESHAPES(P,'X X X X X MAKESHAPES(P,'X X X X X X
                                                                                                                                                               ');
  91
                            5:1
                                            284
               1
                            5:1
                                            316
                                                                                                                                                                ');
  92
                                                                                                                                                                ');
              7
                            5:1
                                            348
  93
                                                           for I:=1 to 9 do
                                            380
  94
              1
                            5:1
                                                           MAKESHAPES (P, 'X
                                                                                                                                                                ١);
  95
              1
                            5:2
                                            394
                                                                                                                                                                1);
                                                           MAKESHAPES (P, '
                            5:1
                                            436
                                                            MAKE SHAPES (P,
                                                                                                                                                                1);
  97
               1
                            5:1
                                            468
                                                          ROW:=23; (* . . .
                                            500
            1
                            5:1
  98
                                                                                                                                                                  1);
                                            504
                            5:1
  99
              1
                                                                                                                                                                   ');
              1
                                            536
100
                             5:1
                                            568
                                                                                                                                                                   1);
101
                            5:1
                                                                                                                                                                   ');
102
              1
                             5:1
                                            600
                                                          MAKE SHAPES (R1, 'X
MAKE SHAPES (R1, 'X
for I:= 1 to 3 do
MAKE SHAPES (R1, 'X
MAKE SHAPES (R1, 'X
MAKE SHAPES (R1, 'X
MAKE SHAPES (R1, 'X
MAKE SHAPES (R1, 'X X X X X
MAKE SHAPES (R1, 'X X X X X
MAKE SHAPES (R1, 'X X X X X
MAKE SHAPES (R1, 'X X
                                                                                                                                                                   ');
                             5:1
                                             632
103
104
                             5:1
                                            664
                                                                                                                                                                   ');
105
                             5:2
                                            678
                                                                                                                                                                   ');
                                            720
                                                                                                                                   Χ
                             5:1
106
               1
                                                                                                                                                                   1);
                                                                                                                                  х
              1
                             5:1
                                            752
107
                                                                                                                                                                   ');
                                            784
108
           1
                             5:1
                                                                                                                                                                   1);
109
               1
                             5:1
                                            816
                                                                                                                                                                   ');
                             5:1
                                            848
110
                                                                                                                                                                   ');
                                            880
                             5:1
111
            ī
                             5:1
                                            912
112
                                                           MAKE SHAPES (R1, 'X
MAKE SHAPES (R1, 'X
MAKE SHAPES (R1, 'X
                                                                                                                                                                   ');
                                            944
                                                                                                               Х
                             5:1
113
             1
                                                                                                                                                                   ٠);
                                            976
114
              1
                             5:1
                                                                                                                     Х
            1
                                                                                                                                                                   ');
                             5:1 1008
                                                                                                                            Х
115
                             5:1
                                          1040
                                                            for I:=1 to 4 do
116
                                                            MAKESHAPES (R1, 'X MAKESHAPES (R1, '
                                                                                                                                                                   1);
117
                             5:2
                                         1054
                                                                                                                                                                   1);
118
                             5:1
                                          1096
                                                            MAKESHAPES (R1,
119
                             5:1
                                         1128
                             5 . 0
                                         1160
                                                          end:
120
            1
               1
121
                             5:0
                                         1180
                                              1
122
               1
                             6:D
                                                          procedure INIT3;
123
               1
                             6:0
                                                  Ø
                                                          begin
124
                             6:1
                                                          ROW: =23;
                                                            MAKESHAPES (T, 'X X X X X X X MAKESHAPES (T, 'X X X X X X X X
125
                             6:1
                                               36
126
                             6:1
                                                            for I:=1 to 20 do
                                               68
127
               1
                             6:1
                                                            MAKESHAPES (T, MAKESHAPES (T,
                                                                                                                                                                 1);
128
               1
                             6:2
                                               82
                                                                                                                                                                 ');
129
                             6:1
                                             124
                                                            MAKESHAPES (T,
               1
                             6:1
                                             156
130
131
                             6:1
                                             188
                                                            ROW: =23;
132
                             6:1
                                             192
                                                            MAKESHAPES (E, 'X X X X X X X X
                                                                                                                                                                 1);
                                                            ');
133
               1
                             6:1
                                             224
 134
                              6:1
                                                                                                                                                                ');
135
                              6:2
                                             270
                                                            MAKESHAPES(E,'X X X X X X MAKESHAPES(E,'X X X X X X
136
                             6:1
                                             312
137
                             6:1
                                             344
138
                                             376
                                                            for I:=1 to 8 do
               1
                             6:1
                                                            MAKE SHAPES (E, 'X
                                                                                                                                                                 ');
139
               1
                             6:2
                                             390
                                                            ');
140
               1
                             6:1
                                             432
                                                                                                                                                                ');
141
                             6:1
                                             464
142
               1
                             6:1
                                             496
                                             528
                                                            MAKE SHAPES (E.
143
               1
                             6:1
144
                             6:0
                                             560
                                                          end:
               1
 145
               1
                             6:0
                                             578
                                              1
146
               1
                             7:D
                                                          procedure INIT4;
                             7:0
147
                                                          begin
                                             Ø
 148
               1
                              7:1
                                                             ROW: =23;
                                                            MAKESHAPES (R2, 'X X X X MAKESHAPES (R2, 'X X X X X MAKESHAPES (R2, 'X X X X X MAKESHAPES (R2, 'X MAKESHAPES
                                                                                                                                                                   ');
149
                              7:1
                                                  4
               1
                                                                                                                                                                   ');
                                               36
150
               1
                              7:1
                                                                                                                                                                   ');
151
                1
                             7:1
                                                68
                                                                                                                                                                   ');
152
               1
                             7:1
                                             100
                                                           MAKE SHAPES (R2, 'X
for I:= 1 to 3 do
MAKE SHAPES (R2, 'X
MAKE SHAPES (R2, 'X X X X X
MAKE SHAPES (R2, 'X X X X X
MAKE SHAPES (R2, 'X X X X X
MAKE SHAPES (R2, 'X X
153
               1
                             7:1
                                             132
                                                                                                                                                                    ');
 154
                             7:1
                                             164
                                                                                                                                                                    ');
 155
                              7:2
                                             178
                                                                                                                                                                   ');
 156
               1
                              7:1
                                             220
                                                                                                                                                                    ');
 157
                                              252
               1
                             7:1
                                                                                                                                                                   ');
 158
               1
                             7:1
                                             284
                                                                                                                                                                    1);
 159
                1
                             7:1
                                              316
 160
                             7:1
                                              348
                                                                                                                                                                    1);
                             7:1
                                             380
 161
                                                                                                                                                                    1);
 162
               1
                             7:1
                                             412
                                                                                                                                                                    ');
 163
                             7:1
               1
                                              444
                                                                                                                                                                    ');
 164
               1
                             7:1
                                             476
                                                                                                                                                                    ');
165
                             7:1
                                              508
```

7:1

540

for I:=1 to 4 do

```
');
167
                    7:2
                                     554
                                                  MAKE SHAPES (R2, 'X
                                                                                                              Х
                                                  MAKE SHAPES (R2,
                                                                                                                                         1);
168
             1
                        7:1
                                     596
            1
                                                 MAKESHAPES (R2.
169
                        7:1
                                      628
                                    l procedure INIT5;
Ø begin
Ø ROW:---
                        7:0
170
             1
                        7:0
171
             1
172
             1
                        8:D
173
             1
                        8:0
                                                 174
                        8:1
                        8:1
175
176
                        8:1
177
             1
                        8:1
                                       68
                                   100
178
            1
                        8:1
                        8:1
179
             1
                                     132
                                     164
180
             1
                        8:1
181
             1
                        8:1
                                     196
182
             1
                        8:1
                                     228
183
                        8:2
                                     242
                                                 184
                      8:1
                                     284
             1
                                                                                                                                  ');
. *)
             1
185
                        8:1
                                     316
186
             1
                        8:1
                                     348
187
             1
                        8:1
                                     352
188
             1
                        8:1
                                     384
                                                for I:= 1 to 18 do

MAKESHAPES(II,' X

MAKESHAPES(II,' X X X X X X

MAKESHAPES(II,' X X X X X X X

MAKESHAPES(II,' X X X X X X X
 189
             1
                        8:1
                                     416
 190
                        8:2
                                    430
                                                                                                                                        ');
 191
             1
                        8:1
                                     472
                                                                                                                                        ');
                                     504
192
             1
                        8:1
             1
                                     536
193
                        8:1
194
             1
                        8:1
                                     568
                                                MAKESHAPES (II,
                                  l procedure INIT6;
Ø begin
Ø ROW:=22
 195
                        8:0
                        8:0
 196
197
             1
                        9:D
                        9:0
198
             1
                                   199
             1
                        9:1
                                                                                       x
x
x
                        9:1
 200
                                                                                                                                    ');
                        9:2
             1
 201
                                                                                                                                    ');
 202
                        9:1
             1
                                                                                                                                     ');
 203
             1
                        9:1
 204
             1
                        9:1
                        9:2
                                                                                                             Х
                                                                                                                                    ');
 205
             1
 206
             1
                        9:1
                                   176 for I:=1 to 4 do
190 MAKESHAPES(N,'X X X
231 for I:=1 to 3 do
245 MAKESHAPES(N,'X X X
286 MAKESHAPES(N,'X X X
317 MAKESHAPES(N,'X X X
348 MAKESHAPES(N,'X X X
379 MAKESHAPES(N,'X X X
410 for I:=1 to 3 do
424 MAKESHAPES(N,'X X
465 MAKESHAPES(N,'X X
479 MAKESHAPES(N,'X X
486 MAKESHAPES(N,'X X
487 MAKESHAPES(N,'X X
488 MAKESHAPES(N,'X X
489 MAKESHAPES(N,'X X
480 MAKESHAPE
 207
                        9:2
                                                                                                                                    ');
             1
                        9:1
208
             1
                                                                                                                                    1);
 209
             1
                        9:2
                                                                                                                                    1);
 210
             1
                        9:1
                                                                                                                                    ');
 211
                        9:1
             1
                                                                                                                                    ');
 212
                        9:1
           1
                        9:1
                                                                                                                                    ');
 213
                        9:1
 214
             1
                                                                                                                                    1);
 215
             1
                        9:2
                                    1);
 216
            1
                        9:1
                                                                                                                                    ');
 217
                        9:1
 218
             1
                        9:1
                        9:1
                                                                                                                                    1);
 219
            1
                                                                                                                                    ');
                        9:1
 220
                                                                                                                                    ');
 221
             1
                        9:1
 222
             1
                        9:1
                                                                                                                                    ');
                        9:1
 223
 224
             1
                        9:1
                                                                                                                                    ');
                                                                                                                                   ');
 225
             1
                        9:1
                                  ');
226
                        9:1
             1
                        9:1
 227
             1
228
             1
                        9:1
                                                MAKESHAPES(A,'X
MAKESHAPES(A,'X
229
             1
                        9:1
                                     841
                                                                                                                                    ');
                        9:2
                                     855
 230
                                                                                                                                    1);
                                                MAKESHAPES (A, '
 231
                        9:1
                                     896
                                                MAKE SHAPES (A,
                        9:1
                                    927
232
             1
             1
                                                ROW: =23;
                        9:1
233
                                    958
                                                for I:=1 to 20 do
                        9:1
                                     962
234
             1
                                                ');
235
            1
                        9:2
                                    976
                                                                                                                                    ');
 236
             1
                        9:1
                                  1017
                                                                                                                                   ');
 237
                        9:1
                                  1048
 238
             1
                        9:1
                                   1079
                                                                                                                                    ');
 239
             1
                        9:1
                                   1110
                                                MAKESHAPES (L, '
 240
                        9:0
                                   1141
            1
                                                end;
 241
             1
                        9:0
                                   1168
                                                (* main *)
242
             1
                        9:0
                                   1168
243
             1
                        1:0
                                      Ø
                                                begin
 244
                                         Ø
                                                INIT1;
                        1:1
 245
                        1:1
                                       14
                                                INIT2;
 246
             1
                                       16
                                                INIT3:
                        1:1
                                       18
 247
             1
                        1:1
                                                INIT4:
248
             1
                        1:1
                                        20
                                                INIT5;
                                             INITO;
PUTBANNER;
 249
                        1:1
                                        22
 250
             1
                        1:1
                                        24
                                         Ø end.
```

MANUAL ADDENDUM

1. New Keyboard

The newer model keyboard requires a different method for performing the SHIFT KEY MOD. There is a wire wrap 25 pin connecter (PI) that connects an adapter board to the keyboard. Instead of soldering to the shift key pad, connect a wire from pin 24 of (PI) to the normal place on the game port (pin 4). This must still be done carefully and by a qualified tech., and may still void your warranty of the computer.

2. Z80 Board

Some of the commands such as the cursor control and window select won't work unless you type "escape" first, followed by the normal SUP'R'TERMINAL command. This is because the control of reading the keyboard is now done by the Z80 card, instead of SUP'R'TERMINAL.

3. PASCAL

To perform the normal SUP'R'TERMINAL commands, such as cursor control and window select etc. . . . from the keyboard:

- 1. Get into the filer
- 2. Transfer console to system
- 3. Type in the commands you want
- 4. Get out of the filer with control C.

4. Cont.-TC

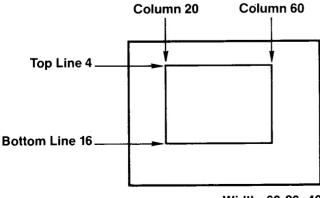
Cont.—TC 4 means 1. Hold the control key down, while you push the "T" key.

2. Release the "T" key, then release the control key.

3. Push and release the "C" key, then push and release the "4" key.

5. Screen Window Altering and Go to XY.

Some people have difficulty understanding how to select a row or column when trying to alter the screen window or going to an XY location from the keyboard or a program. Here is an example of how to alter the screen window



Width=60-20=40

(1.) Set the top to line 4 by doing CTRL-T T \$. Hold the control key down, while pushing and releasing the "T" key, then release the control key. Push and release the "T" key. Push and release the \$ key. The decision to use the \$ key was arrived at by looking at page 26 of the manual. Find the righthandmost column (labeled "CTRL T meaning"). Go down to the 4 in this column because we want to set the top to line 4. Look at the character just to the left of the 4 and notice that it is \$. This means that to specify line 4, we must push the \$ key. This same method holds true for selecting rows or columns.

- (2.) Set window Bottom to line 16 by doing Ctrl-T B 0 zero means 16 from page 26
- (3.) Set window left to column 20 by doing Ctrl-T L 4 4 means 20 from page 26
- (4.) Set window width to 40 by doing Ctrl-T W H H means 40 from page 26

The same method of using the righthand column of page 26 can be used from the keyboard or from within a program. This also works the same way for the go to XY function.

6. What is the difference between REV 1.0 and 2.2 of SUP'R'TERMINAL?

Rev 2.2 of the EPROM(U14) has the following features:

- 1. Interprets VTAB and HTAB Basic Commands. However, CALL-936 and HOME must still be modified in Basic programs. This can be done automatically by a program available on our dealer disk.
- 2. Control N now gives] regardless of whether you are in the control V mode or not.
- 3. Expanded keyboard characters are now available if you have performed the shift key modification and are in the control V mode. Control shift A through J gives you the ASCII characters you previously couldn't get.

Control Shift A \	F
B]	G } H ∼
C ^	H ~
\mathbf{D}	I del
E {	K @



